THE EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LIMITED.

This Company's system of submarine telegraph cables is the most direct and quickest means of communication from Egypt to Europe, North and South America, East, South and West Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, China and Japan.

To secure quick transmission, telegrams should be marked **Via Eastern.**

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STATIONS IN EGYPT: Alexandria, Cairo, Suez, Port-Tewfik, Port Said, Suakin. Head Office, London.

The Egyptian Gazette

No 7,838] ALEXANDRIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1907. [SIX PAGES P.T. 1.

WATERLOW BROS. & LAYTON, LIMITED,
24 & 26, BIRCHIN LANE, LONDON.

Offices in Egypt: 33, Sharia Madabegh, Cairo, Telephone No. 1,257. 7, Boulevard de Ramleh, Alexandria, Telephone No. 1,462.

Works in Egypt: Menayer, Alexandria.
Telegraphic Address: "TARTESSUS."

STATIONERS, ENGRAVERS,
PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS,
ACCOUNT BOOK MAKERS,
MACHINE RULERS.
Contractors to the British Government.

ORIENT-ROYAL MAIL LINE.

OUTWARD TO AUSTRALIA.

R.M.S. **Orient** will leave Suez about August 23 · R.M.S. **Orotava** will leave Suez about September 6

HOMEWARD to NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, TILBURY.

R.M.S. **Ormuz** will leave Port Said Aug. 13 | R.M.S. **Omrah** will leave Port Said August 27

* Special reduced rates during summer season (15th May – 15th September) as follows

Passage.	Naples	Marseilles.	Plymouth or Tilbury.
1st Class	£7.0.0	£10.0.0	£14.0.0
2nd „	5.0.0	7.0.0	9.0.0
3rd „	4.0.0	6.0.0	7.0.0

The summer fares are nett but passengers travelling at these rates, and returning within 6 months at the winter rate, will obtain an abatement of 20 % off the the first and second class winter rate.

Agents, Cairo: THOMAS COOK & Son, Ltd.; Alexandria: R. J. MOSS & Co.

For all information apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons**, Port Said & Port Tewfik (Suez). 31-12-6

BIBBY LINE TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS.

OUTWARDS to COLOMBO, TUTICORIN, etc., and RANGOON.

S.S **Shropshire**, 5 785 tons will leave Suez about August 15th.

HOMEWARDS to MARSEILLES and LONDON.

S.S **Warwickshire** 7,966 tons, will leave Port Said about August 21st.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES DURING THE SUMMER SEASON. 12-931

May 26th—September 30th inclusive

Fares from Port Said to Marseilles £8.0.0; London £12.0.0; Colombo £32.10.0; Rangoon £37.10.0

Fitted with Refrigerators, Electric Light, Electric Fans and all recent improvements.

Agents in Cairo: THOS. COOK & Son, Ltd. For all particulars apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons** Port Said Port Tewfik (Suez).

KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

Fast British Passenger Steamers.

GREECE-TURKEY MAIL SERVICE.

Express steamers leave Alexandria weekly as under for PIRÆUS (Athens), SMYRNA, MITYLENE, and CONSTANTINOPLE, in connection with the Oriental Railways Express Service for VIENNA, BERLIN, PARIS & LONDON.

*S.S. **Osmanieh**, Wednesday 4 p.m. July 17, 31, August 14 and 28.
S.S. **Ismailia**, Wednesday 4 p.m. July 10, 24, August 7 and 21.

PALESTINE-SYRIA MAIL SERVICE.—The fast steamers *Assouan*, *Minieh* and *Menzaleh* leave Alexandria alternately on Saturdays at 4 p.m. for Jaffa (for Jerusalem), Caiffa (for Nazareth), Beyrouth (for Damascus), Tripoli, Alexandretta, and Mersina calling fortnightly at Larnaca (Cyprus) and continuing from Beyrout in alternate weeks to Rhodes, Smyrna, Mitylene, Dardanelles, Gallipoli and Constantinople.

SUDAN DIRECT MAIL SERVICE.—The mail steamers *Dakahlieh* and *Kosseir* leave Suez alternately on Wednesdays at 5 p.m. for Port Sudan and Suakim in connection with the Sudan Government Railways express service to Khartoum.

RED SEA COASTING MAIL SERVICE.—Mail steamers leave Suez on Mondays at 5 p.m. for Tor (for Sinai) Yambo and Jeddah, continuing in alternate weeks to Port Sudan, Suakim, Massowah, Hodeidah and Aden.

For further information refer to the Co.'s Agencies at Alexandria, Cairo, Port Said, Suez or to THOS. COOK & SON (Egypt) Ltd., HAMBURG-AMERIKA REISE-BUREAU or other Tourist Agencies.

DEUTSCHE LEVANTE-LINIE.

Mail and Passenger Steamships. Regular Service fortnightly from HAMBURG; weekly from ANTWERP; every 4 weeks from BORDEAUX direct to ALEXANDRIA; homewards every 2 weeks from ALEXANDRIA for ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG. Goods forwarded at through rates from all German Railway Stations on direct Bills of Lading to ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, SYRIA, etc. Special facilities for conveyance of cotton, etc from Alexandria viâ Rotterdam and Hamburg to German manufacturing towns.

Expected at Alexandria:
August 9 S.S. Lipsos, from Antwerp.
August 16 S.S. Tinos, from Hamburg.
August 20 S.S. Samos, from Hamburg bound for Rotterdam and Hamburg.

For tariff and particulars apply to **ADOLPHE STROSS**, *Alexandria Agent.* 15-9-907

The Moss S.S. Company, Ltd.

For LIVERPOOL calling at MALTA (Messrs. JAMES MOSS & Co., 31, James St., Liverpool, Managers.)

*Amasis Tons 4,800	*Khephren Tons 5,000	*Moeris Tons 7,500	Seti Tons 6,000
*Busiris „ 6,000	Menes „ 5,000	*Philae „ 5,000	
*Karnak „ 5,000	Menepthah „ 5,000	Rameses „ 5,000	

*Second class accommodation only, unless specially reserved.— Fares: Alexandria to Liverpool, 1st £14 Single, £25 Return. 2nd, £9 Single, £15 Return.—To Malta, 1st, £5 Single, £9 Return. 2nd, £3 Single, £5 Return.—Return tickets available for six months.

Through freight rates on cotton, etc., to Lancashire inland towns, Boston, New York and other U.S.A. towns, obtained on application. Cargo taken by special agreement only. Passenger Tickets also issued inclusive of Railway fare through to and from Cairo.

27-11-906 For particulars apply R. J. MOSS & Co. Alexandria Agents.

P. HENDERSON & CO's LINE.

The Steamers of this Line leave **Suez** and **Port Said** every fortnight for **Algiers** and **London** or **Liverpool**

Saloon Fare £12. Special Summer season rates £10 Port Said to Marseilles £7.

S.S. MARTABAN	Tons 7100	will leave PORT SAID	about	17th August for Dover
„ TENASSERIM	„ 7100	„ „ „	„	30th August for Dover
„ AMARAPOORA	„ 6600	„ „ „	„	17th Sept. for Dover

Due in London or Liverpool in 13 days.

The Saloon accommodation is amidships, and the vessels are fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have all the latest improvements. *For further information apply to the Company's Agents.*

WORMS & Co., Port Said and Suez. THOS. COOK & SON (EGYPT) LD., Cairo.
G. J. GRACE & Co., Alexandria. 31-12-906

EXPRESS NILE STEAMER Co.

Cairo-Luxor Tourist Service—Luxor-Assouan Express Service.

Quick Freight Service ALEXANDRIA-CAIRO.

For Bookings and Particulars apply CAIRO OFFICES, 19, CHAREH EL MADABEGH.

Cunard Line.

Sailings from LIVERPOOL to NEW YORK and BOSTON every Saturday and alternate Tuesday.

Royal Mail Steamer LUCANIA and Campania fastest British steamers, Lusitania and Mauretania, 32500 tons, largest vessels in the world. CARONIA and Carmania latest and most luxurious Hotels afloat.

Regular Sailings between TRIESTE, FIUME, NAPLES and NEW YORK by twin-screw steamers. Excellent passenger accommodation.

Through tickets from Egypt delivered by **Messrs. RODOCANACHI & Co.**, Alexandria, *General Agents*, **NICOLAS KIRZIS**, Cairo; **R. BROADBENT**, Port Said and all Offices of **Messrs THOS COOK & SON** 19-1-907

BANQUE DU CAIRE, LIMITED,

CAIRO.

CAPITAL: Lstg. 600,000.

The Banque du Caire Ltd., undertakes all banking business such as:—Advances on deeds and securities, discount, cheques delivered at very best rates of exchange on all the principal towns of the world, telegraphic transfers, purchase and sale of stock and shares in Egypt and abroad, letters of credit issued, safe custody at a low charge, of titles, deeds and securities, current accounts opened. Receives money on deposit at sight at 3 % per annum.

NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL, ALEXANDRIA.

First-class Hotel, Situated in Rosetta Avenue, the finest quarter in the Town. Renovated Throughout. Two minutes from Railway Station. Close to Consulates and Opera House. Electric Lift. Perfect Sanitary Arrangements. Magnificent Ball, Reception, Reading, and Music Rooms. Bar and Smoking Room.

FINE TERRACE ON THE AVENUE. MOTOR MEETS ALL TRAINS AND STEAMERS. MANAGER F. REINSPERGER. 31-8-90

THOS. COOK & SON, (EGYPT) LTD

Head Office: LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON.

CHIEF EGYPTIAN OFFICE:—CAIRO, NEAR SHEPHEARD'S HOTEL

Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Luxor, Assuan, Halfa and Khartum.

GENERAL RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP AGENTS. BANKERS.

BAGGAGE AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

Officially appointed & Sole Agents in Cairo to the P. & O. S. N. Co.

RESIDENTS IN EGYPT proceeding to Europe for the summer are requested to apply to our offices for information respecting their passages, where steamer plans may be consulted, and Berths secured by all Lines of Steamers to all parts of the Globe; arrangements can also be made for the collection and forwarding of their baggage and clearance at port of arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable at the current rate of exchange in all the principal cities of Europe.

Cook's Interpreters in uniform are present at principal Railway Stations and Landing-places in Europe to assist passengers holding their tickets.

Large and splendidly appointed steamers belonging to the Company leave Cairo thrice weekly, between November and March, for Luxor, Assouan, and Wady Halfa in connection with trains de luxe to Khartoum. Moderate fares.

FREIGHT SERVICE Steamers leave Cairo every Friday for Assouan and Halfa.

Special combined rail and steamer Nile Tours at greatly reduced prices.

Special Steamers and Dahabeahs for Private Parties.

Special arrangements for tours in Palestine, Syria, and the Desert. Lowest rates.

BEST CAMP EQUIPMENT IN THE COUNTRY.

British India S. N. Company, Limited.

Fortnightly Service in connection with the Co.'s Indian Mail Lines.—Calling at ADEN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, and CALCUTTA Out, and MARSEILLES (GENOA and PLYMOUTH optional) Home. Sailings from Suez.

OUTWARD.—*Golconda* August 17 | HOMEWARD, *Matiana* August 16

EAST AFRICAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

Calling at Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar and Beira. Monthly service.

First Class Fares from Suez to:

Aden	£11. 8	Colombo	£25.15	Calcutta	£31. 0	Marseilles	£15.12
Bombay	£31.10	Madras	£30.11	Genoa	£13.10	London	£19. 6
		Mombasa	£26.10	Zanzibar	£30. 0		

From Port Said £2 less Homeward, and £2 more Outward. Second Class, two thirds of 1st Class Fares.

PORT SAID Agents: Worms & Co. and Wills & Co., Ltd.—CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA:—Thos. Cook & Son, Ld., and Anglo-American Hotel & Steamer Co. For particulars apply G. BEYTS & Co., Suez. 31-12-906

ANCHOR LINE, LIMITED.

(HENDERSON BROTHERS,) LONDON, LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

Booking Passengers and Cargo through to Ports in India, Europe and America

First Class Passenger steamers Sailing fortnightly from Suez.

For MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL	S.S. "Massilia"	August 11	For CALCUTTA	S.S. "Arabia"	August 22
For LONDON	S.S. "Bohemia"	August 13	For BOMBAY	S.S. "Teindia"	August 29

Summer Rates up to the 31st October

FARES FROM:—Port Said to Marseilles £7: 10—/ to London & Liverpool £12— Add £1— to above fare for passengers from Cairo, Ismailia, or Suez. Reduced rates on steamers not carrying surgeon and stewardess. (31-12-906)

Agents: Cairo, THOS. COOK & SON, Port-Said: CORY BROTHERS & Co. — For particulars apply G. BEYTS & Co., Su

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DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

Regelmässiger Reichspostdampferdienst. German E. African Line. Imperial Service. Departures from Port Said. (Approximate dates). **OUT** to Aden, Zanzibar, Cape Town and intermediate ports:—

S.S. Kronprinz August 9 | S.S. Admiral August 30

HOME to Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangiers, Lisbon, Dover, Flushing, & Hamburg.

S.S. Markgraf August 3 | S.S. Prinzessin August 24

First class steamers fitted with latest improvements. Stewardesses and doctors carried. Low passage rates. Splendid accommodation for passengers of all classes.

For particulars apply to **Fix & David,** CAIRO (Sharia Mansour Pacha, Telephone 865).

Messageries Maritimes

From Alexandria **Sailing from Alexandria in August 1907**

For Marseilles direct

Friday	2 August	at 4 p.m.	*Niger*	Capt. Henric
„	9 August	at 4 p.m.	*Orenoque*	Capt. Lassince
„	16 August	at 4 p.m.	*Portugal*	Capt. Casanova
„	23 August	at 4 p.m.	*Equateur*	Capt. Couret
„	30 August	at 4 p.m.	*Congo*	Capt. Baretge

For Port Said and Beyrouth

Thursday	8 August	at 8 a.m.	*Portugal*	Capt. Casanova
Thursday	22 August	at 8 a.m.	*Congo*	Capt. Baretge

For Port Said, Jaffa and Beyrouth

Thursday	15 August	at 8 a.m.	*Equateur*	Capt. Couret
Thursday	29 August	at 8 a.m.	*Orenoque*	Capt. Lassince

Rates of passage money including table wine.

	1st Class	2nd Class
From Alexandria or Port Said (directly or via Alexandria) To Marseilles	£12. 9. 1	£ 8.10.1
From Alexandria To Port Said	„ 1.15.10	„ 1.7.1
To Jaffa	„ 3. 9. 5	„ 2.2. 4
To Beyrouth	„ 4. 7. 2	„ 3.5. 7
Through tickets for Paris (via Marseilles from Alexandria)	„ 16.13. 1	„ 10.13. 5
Through tickets for Paris (via Marseilles) from Port Said (directly or via Alexandria)	„ 16. 3.11	„ 12. 1. 5
Through tickets for London (via Marseilles) (Calais-Douvre from Alexandria or Port Said (directly or via Alexandria)	„ 16.13.10	„ 12. 9. 8
Interchangeable return tickets with the Austrian Lloyd Cy. (available one way by Messageries Maritimes and on return by Austrian Lloyd) (via Trieste)	„ 21.11.10	„ 15.11

Sailings from Port Said in August, 1907.

For Marseilles Direct.

Probably on Thursday	1	August	*Caledonien*	Capt. Couret	returning from	Indian Ocean
„ „ Friday	9	„	*Melbourne*	„ Lacarrière	„ „	China
„ „ Thursday	15	„	*Ernest-Simons*	„ Giraud	„ „	Indian Ocean
„ „ Sunday	18	„	*Dumbea*	„ Boyer	„ „	China
„ „ Thursday	29	„	*Adour*	„ Eschenauer	„ „	Australia
„ „ Thursday	29	„	*Tonkin*	„ Riquier	„ „	„

Sailings from Suez in August 1907.

For Aden, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Kobé and Yokohama	Saturday	23 August	*Nera*	Capt.	Schmitz
For Djibouti, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Kobé and Yokohama	Saturday	9 „	*Australien*	„	Veron
For Djibouti, Zanzibar, Mutsamudu, Mayotte, Majunga, Nossi-Bé, D. Suarez, Tamatave, La Réunion and Maurice	Friday	16 „	*Natal*	„	Eschnauer
For Djibouti, Aden, Mahé, Diego-Suarez, Ste. Maria, Tamatave, La Réunion and Maurice	Saturday	31 „	*Melbourne*	„	Lacarrière
For Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sidney, and Noumea	Monday	5 „	*Oceanien*	„	Magnen

Cairo Agency (Shepheard's Hotel) 6 22 9-7

PRINCE LINE.

Calabrian Prince (bldg). Tons	12,000	Tuscan Prince (bldg)... Tons	12,000	Flemish Prince (bldg)... Tons	10,250
Corsican Prince	„ 10,250	Welsh Prince	„ 8,400	Norse Prince	„ 10,250
Afghan Prince	„ 8,400	Black Prince	„ 7,000	African Prince	„ 8,400
Tudor Prince	„ 7,300	Crown Prince	„ 5,080	Saxon Prince	„ 6,000
Norman Prince	„ 6,000	Egyptian Prince	„ 4,980	Italian Prince	„ 5,000
Merchant Prince	„ 4,980	Trojan Prince	„ 4,900	Sailor Prince	„ 4,980
Soldier Prince	„ 4,980	Russian Prince	„ 4,400	Georgian Prince	„ 4,750
Spartan Prince	„ 4,850	Sicilian Prince	„ 4,000	Mexican Prince	„ 4,400
Napolitan Prince	„ 4,000	Moorish Prince	„ 3,300	Highland Prince	„ 3,900
Imperial Prince	„ 3,780	Castilian Prince	„ 3,100	British Prince	„ 3,300
Grecian Prince	„ 3,150	Creole Prince	„ 3,100	Carib Prince	„ 3,100
Eastern Prince	„ 3,100	Asiatic Prince	„ 3,050	Persian Prince	„ 3,100
Kaffir Prince	„ 3,050	Cyprian Prince	„ 2,780	Syrian Prince	„ 3,000
Orange Prince	„ 3,800	Roman Prince	„ 3,600	Indian Prince	„ 2,750
Scottish Prince	„ 3,000	Royal Prince	„ 3,300	Ocean Prince	„ 3,450

Good passenger accommodation. — **C. J. GRACE & Co.**, Alexandria, Agents.

Sailings every 10 days from Manchester and Liverpool and fortnightly from Antwerp and London to Alexandria and Syrian Coast. The dates are approximate

Scottish Prince	due from Manchester	Aug. 17	**British Prince**	due from Manchester	Aug. 27
Sailor Prince	due from Antwerp & London	Aug. 18	**Asiatic Prince**	due from London	Aug. 28
Eastern Prince	due from Dunkirk & Antwerp	Aug. 23	**Moorish Prince**		Sept. 4

The S.S. Roman Prince is now loading for Manchester, and will be followed by the S.S. Persian Prince.

Asia Minor S.S. Co. Ltd.

SAILINGS TO CYPRUS AND SYRIAN COAST.

SPECIALLY LOW RATES.

For particulars apply Manager, 3 St. Mark's St., Alexandria, or Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son (Egypt) Ltd.

Ellermans CITY LINE. | Ellermans CITY & HALL LINE.

The undermentioned First Class Passenger Steamers will be dispatched from Port Said on or about the following dates for

London	S.S. CITY OF CORINTH	Aug. 16th	Havre & Liverpool	S.S. CITY OF KARACHI	Aug. 14
Calcutta	S.S. CITY OF GLASGOW	Aug. 15th	Karachi	S.S. NEWLEY HALL	Aug. 19

SALOON FARES,—Port Said to Malta £4.10.0, Marseilles, £10.0.0 London or Liverpool, £14.0.0 Colombo, Calcutta, Bombay or Karachi, £25.0.0. Special rates for steamers not carrying Doctor or Stewardess. For further particulars apply to CORY BROS. & Co., Ltd., Agents for CITY Line, Port Said; W. STAPLEDON & SON, Agents for HALL Line, Port Said; or COOK & SON (Egypt), Ltd., Cairo. 28-2-907

SUDAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

SUMMER SERVICE FROM APRIL 13th UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Express. UP	Slow.				Express. DOWN	Slow.
Sun. and Wedn.‡	Sat. and Tues.	8 p.m.	depart Cairo	arrive	Sun. and Wedn. 7.35 a.m.	Tues. and Satur. 7.35 a.m.
Mon. and Thurs.	Sun. and Wedn.	4.40 p.m.	arr. Shellal	depart	Sat. and Tues.‡ 9.40 a.m.	Mon. and Frid. 9.40 a.m.
Mon. and Thurs.	Sun. and Wedn.	7 p.m.	depart Shellal	arrive	Sat. and Tues. 8 a.m.	Mon. and Fri. mornings
Wedn. and Sat.	Wedn. and Sat.	11 a.m.	arr. Halfa	depart	Thur. and Sun. about midnight	Sat and Wed. noon.
Wednesdays and Saturdays‡ ...		3 p.m.	depart Halfa	arrive	Thursdays‡ and Sundays	10.15 p.m.
Thursdays and Sundays‡ ...		1.10 a.m.	depart Abu Hamed	depart	Thursdays‡ and Sundays	10.30 a.m.
Thursdays and Sundays‡ ...		9 a.m.	depart Athara Jcn.	depart	Thursdays‡ and Sundays	6.15 p.m.
Thursdays and Sundays‡ ...		6.30 p.m.	arrive Khartoum N.	depart	Wednesdays‡ and Saturdays	9.15 p.m.

‡ Sleeping and Dining Cars.

NOTE.—Passengers leaving Halfa by the mail steamer in connection with Wednesday night mail from Khartoum may remain on board in order to travel by the Sunday train from Shellal with Sleeping and Dining Car connection at Luxor. 14-6-907

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED A. D. 1720. Chief Office: **Royal Exchange, London, E.C.**

FUNDS IN HAND EXCEED £4,500,000 — CLAIMS PAID £40,000,000

FIRE { Alexandria ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK / Cairo .... Mr. J. E. GAFFARI } MARINE { Alexandria Mr. J. E. GAFFARI / Suez .... Mr. GEO. MEINECKE } 21-6-906

London Assurance Corporation.

Established 1720. — Agents: BANK OF EGYPT, Limited.

Northern Fire and Life Assurance Coy.

The undersigned agents are authorised to issue policies on behalf of the above Company at moderate rates:

IMPERIAL OTTOMAN BANK, Alexandria. OTTO STERZING, Cairo. GEORGE MEINECKE, Suez.

NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA, LTD. EST. 1869.

Funds exceed £4,000,000. **Annual income exceeds £700,000.**

Special privileges offered to British Naval and Military Officers serving in Egypt or the Soudan.

Example of whole Policy Life.—Age of proposer 30. Sum assured £1,000 with profits payable at death. Annual premium covering war risk and foreign residence £28 : 6 : 8.

HEAD OFFICE: CAIRO, KHEDIVIAL EXCHANGE COURT.

The Cigarettes Manufactured by

The Cleopatra Cigarette Co.

G. NUNGOVICH

are on sale at the Company's establishment by Grand Continental Hotel, Cairo, and at Walker & Meimarachi's, Alexandria. Purveyors to H. H. the KHEDIVE.

PATRONISED by the [illegible]

PORT SAID—SAVOY HOTEL.

NEW FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, OVERLOOKING THE HARBOUR & OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE

Open all the year round. Well-appointed Bar. Electric Light.

MODERATE CHARGES. SPECIAL TERMS FOR RESIDENTS.

HAMBURG & ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE Co.

Weekly departure during Winter Season by the

LUXURIOUS FIRST CLASS TOURIST STEAMERS "VICTORIA," "PURITAN," and "GERMANIA."

Bi-weekly Express Service between LUXOR and ASSUAN by S.S. "MAYFLOWER."

REGULAR WEEKLY DEPARTURES TO THE SECOND CATARACT BY THE S.S. "NUBIA."

THROUGH BOOKINGS TO KHARTOUM, GONDOKORO AND THE WHITE NILE.

Steamers and Dahabeahs for private charter. Steam Tugs and Steam Launches for hire.

FREIGHT SERVICE BY STEAM BARGES BETWEEN CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA.

Working in conjunction and under special arrangement with the "Upper Egypt Hotels Company."

For details and programmes apply to HEAD OFFICE: *Sharia Boulac, Continental Hotel Buildings," CAIRO.*

Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

	Leaves Port Said	Arrives Naples	Arrives Hamburg
S.S. *Silesia*	Aug. 10th	Aug. 14th	Aug. 26th
S.S. *Scandia*	Sep 7th	Sep. 11th	Sep. 23rd
S.S. *Habsburg*	Oct. 5th	Oct. 9th	Oct. 21st
S.S. *Rhenania*	Nov. 2nd	Nov. 6th	Nov. 18th

These steamers call also at Plymouth if needed.

FARES:	1st class.	3rd class.
To NAPLES	£10.—	£2.—
To HAMBURG	£17.10	£4.10

Monthly connections from Port-Said to the ports of the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf.

Port Said to Colombo, China and Japan: August 3rd, S.S. RHENANIA; Sep. 3rd, S.S. HOHENSTAUFEN; Oct. 4th S.S. SILESIA; Nov. 3rd S.S. SCANDIA.

Also occasional sailings from Port-Said to Marseilles, Oran and London. Roomy Cabins—Good Cuisine.

Pleasure Cruises to Iceland, Spitsbergen, Norway, Scotland, etc. during the Summer by the s.s. OCEANA, s.s. METEOR and the s.s. KRONPRINCESSIN CECILIE.

The S.S. Oceana will resume the express service between Alexandria and the Continent next October.

Apply to: HAMBURG-AMERICA LINIE, Continental Hotel, CAIRO. *C.J. GRACE & Co.*, ALEXANDRIA. *DEUTSCHES KOHLEN DEPOT*, PORT SAID & SUEZ. 29074 31-11-07.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

ALEXANDRIA-NAPLES-MARSEILLES. Weekly Departure from ALEXANDRIA (3 p.m.)

SCHLESWIG: 12, 26 June; 17, 31 July.
HOHENZOLLERN: 5, 19 June; 3 July.

The following S.S. are intended to leave PORT SAID:

Scharnhorst	8200 Tons	about	18 July
Kleist	9000 „	„	12 July
Roon	8100 „	„	27 July

HOMEWARD: for BREMEN or HAMBURG via Naples, Genoa, (Gibraltar), Southampton, Antwerp

Preussen	5300 Tons	about	10 Aug.
Bulow	9000 „	„	14 Aug.
Prinz Ludwig	9630 „	„	26 Aug.

OUTWARD: for CHINA and JAPAN viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE.

Pr. Reg. Luitpold	6300 Tons	about	9 July
Pr. Eit. Friedrich	6900 „	„	23 „

OUTWARD: for AUSTRALIA viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO.

Seydlitz	8000 Tons	„	26 July
Scharnhorst	8200 „	„	23 Aug.

Service Maritime Roumain

16 Rue Sesostris 16

Par suite de la quarantaine de 48 heures imposée par la Turquie aux provenances d'Egypte les paquebots-poste du Service Maritime Roumain quitteront Alexandrie chaque quinzaine le Mercredi à 4 heures de l'après-midi. Au cas où cette quarantaine serait réduite à 24 heures seulement les départs auront lieu le Jeudi à 4 p.m.

Alexandrie, le 25 Juin 1907.

For particulars apply to the Agents: **OTTO STERZING**, Opera Square, Cairo. **Wm. H. MULLER & Co.**, Sesostris-st., ALEXANDRIA. Messrs. THOS. COOK & Son (Egypt) Ltd., are authorised to sell tickets in CAIRO and ALEXANDRIA.

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N.B.—During the present Quarantine restrictions the service to the Syrian coast will be suspended.

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Cairo, June 1907.

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The Egyptian Gazette

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ESTABLISHED 1880.
Editor and Manager - - R. SNELLING.
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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1907.

THE SITUATION IN INDIA.

A correspondent writing to the "Spectator" on the situation in India says :—

In an article on this subject the "Spectator" in its issue of July 13th makes the following remark :—"The most mysterious question in the whole movement, which puzzles, and to a certain extent dismays, the most experienced Anglo-Indians, is why it should have occurred at the present moment." I have not the smallest hesitation in saying that ninety per cent. of those Anglo-Indians who have been resident in India during the last five years, and are entitled to be considered observant, see nothing at all puzzling in the semi-climax at which the agitation has now arrived. The causes of this trouble are chiefly of a negative nature. It is not so much what the natives did (in the matter of seditious writings and speeches) as what the Government omitted to do. They omitted to prevent the opening preaching of sedition. Up to a certain point the policy of allowing the natives to blow off steam is permissible, but it is riding that policy to death to decline to see any difference between liberty and license. In the result the natives got quite out of hand, and yet the Government did nothing. The main cause of the present trouble was the discovery by the Bengalee Press that there was practically no limit to the patience of the Government in their attitude towards sedition. That fact having been ascertained and proved beyond doubt by a long process of trial, the Bengalee agitator felt himself justified in proceeding to acts. The Government were asleep : why not extend the Calcutta movement to the outlying parts of the province? This was done : acts of oppression were perpetrated in the outside districts ; it is a matter of history to what extent the peaceful Bengalee has been, and still is, oppressed by these political "hooligans." Thence to the Punjab, where the Bengalee pointed out what a fine opportunity existed for stirring up disorder. We know the result.

In the article to which I have already referred the "Spectator" says :—"We do not even yet believe that in silencing the seditious Press—a proposal advocated by almost every official in India—we should touch the source of an evil which remains still something of a mystery." Surely the "Spectator" ought to be influenced by the fact that when the Government half roused itself from its slumbers and deported Lajpat Rai the papers were filled with letters from native gentlemen full of congratulations on the energy shown. The sense of those letters in the aggregate may be summed up thus :—"Thanks, very much for doing this thing : why have you not done it before? Don't be afraid of showing ordinary energy and common-sense." In the opinion of the average Anglo-Indian it is not only good policy, but it is the bounden duty of Government to administer the laws for the safety of the country. We desire to give the natives the full *liberty* of the Press : it is contrary to the interests of the community that the Press should be allowed to transgress the bounds of liberty and develop into *license*. The Government has laws for dealing with the license of the Press : it ignores the safety of the community. This fact is the *fons et origo mali.* If I am right in my facts, I should be supported in my conclusion that the Government of India is deserving of severe censure. I should be glad to see the British Press take up a much more vigorous attitude in regard to this matter. Not only the "Spectator," but the other chief organs of the Press, let the Government down very mildly, treating it as if it were the victim of ill luck ; in reality, it is the victim of its own apathy. Referring to an occasional note on the front page of the issue of the "Spectator" from which I have been quoting, I see it stated that Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal has quite recently made a seditious speech in Calcutta in the course of which he called the British "Feringhees." This expression, though different in signification, is equivalent in force of vituperation to the expression "dirty niggers" as applied by Europeans to natives of India in the heat of anger on very rare occasions. I need hardly add that such an epithet would not be admitted to publication in the British Press in India. The Government that allows us to take the epithet "Feringhees" lying down is no Government for India. It is bringing us into contempt, and, in the opinion of the average Anglo-Indian, into well-deserved contempt. So far as our Government in India is representative of the sense of the nation, we are despicable.

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty The King.
BOVRIL
AND
MILK
is especially suitable for growing children ; it is easily assimilated when milk alone cannot be digested.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Brindisi Mail.

The mail from Europe via Brindisi and Port Said (P. and O.) will be distributed at the Alexandria Post Office at half past four this afternoon.

The Esbekieh Theatre.

The Department of Towns and Buildings has suspended the café-concert representations given in the Esbekieh Garden theatre by the Galenzi troupe.

Dementi.

We are authorised to state that the report appearing in several of our contemporaries that the chief accountant of the Bank of Egypt at Khartoum has been arrested on the charge of defalcation is entirely untrue.

Repression of Slave Trade.

During the month of July, the Repression of Slave Trade Department were instrumental in setting at liberty 3 Sudanese women at Alexandria, 1 Sudanese man and 2 women at Suez and 8 Sudanese women at Cairo.

Seizure of Hashish.

An Armenian, named Robine, who was arrested on Monday morning last at the Cairo central railway station, was found to have a bag in his possession containing some 19 kilos of hashish. When his house was searched by the police, a further quantity of hashish was discovered.

An Anglo-French "Moayad".

Sheikh Aly Youssef, proprietor of "Al-Moayad" who is now in London, is occupied in forming a society, with a view to preparing the publication of two new daily papers, French and English, to follow on the same lines as "Al-Moayad." Mr. Moseley, at one time judge in Egypt, will take part in the project.

Thefts in Cairo.

On Monday morning, an English lady living in the Bab-el-Louk quarter, Cairo, on returning to her house discovered that a thief had profited by her absence and stolen from her flat Crédit Lyonnais shares, five shares of the Crédit Foncier Egyptien, and £10 in gold. Notice was at once given to the police, but no capture has resulted as yet. The same day, during the afternoon some thieves, still unknown, penetrated into the room of a native woman, living in rue Darb-el-Ahmar, and stole plate to the value of £50. It is supposed that the thief is a near relative of the victim, and an arrest is imminent.

THE KHEDIVE IN GENVEA.

During his recent stay in Geneva, says the "Gazette de Lausanne," the Khedive received on the 31st July a deputation from the "Misr" University Students with whom he conversed for nearly an hour. The Khedive is said to have spoken of "his efforts and aspirations for the happiness and prosperity of his country." He also dwelt upon the reforms he is trying to introduce in the education of the people, particularly in the higher education of the Al Azhar University which is to celebrate shortly its centenary. He seems to have complained of the opposition he finds among the ultra conservatives, and from among that section of the people which hinders the intellectual advancement of young Egypt by attempting to persuade Europe that Egypt is not able to govern herself.

"The intellect of the Egyptians," he said, "is open to all progress in science, but they are trying to smother this intellect. I am therefore the more pleased to see that under these conditions our young people find in Switzerland, and especially in Lausanne, that which they are refused in their own country, in spite of all my desires to provide it for them." The deputation was asked to convey to the directors and professors of Lausanne University the expression of his grateful feelings for all the good they are effecting for his students. "I learned French in Geneva" he added, "and I shall never forget my two years studies in that town." He visited in detail and took great interest in the "Misr" organization of which he is patron. He was very pleased to see the caps, ribbons, and flags of the members, and read the minutes of the sittings.

RAMESES THE LITTLE.

Professor Naville, the French Egyptologist, states that Rameses, known as "the Great," was simply a vain monarch who cut his name on the statues and monuments of his predecessors, and thus deceived posterity.

Rameses, called the Great, whose mummied shape
Is now a target for the vulgar gaze,
What must they think of thee who stand agape
Viewing thy long, lean form in dumb amaze?
Truly thine ancient undertaker's craze
Hath here preserved thee for our information
Pity that one of such ingenious ways
Could not as well preserve thy reputation!

Many of these who look upon thee now
Globe trotters, drawn from nations near and far—
Have registered a quaint informal vow
To write their names wherever spaces are,
Unheedful of what monuments they mar
And now historians say thy splendid story
Is with these furtive scribblings on a par,
And all thy fame is but a tripper's glory!

[illegible] one who wore our English crown
In bygone days had, drunk with lust of fame,
Through this our London journeyed up and down,
From every statue struck its rightful name,
And straightway carved his own upon the same,
Hoping for future credit from his plunder.
No Englishman hath done such deed of shame,
But, looking at our statues, 'tis no wonder!

TOUCHSTONE, in "Daily Mail."

THE YEMEN SITUATION.

TROUBLE IN HODEIDA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Aden, August 5.

Advices from Hodeida this week give further particulars in regard to the natives. It appears that the natives had no intention of going to extremes except as a last resort. The troops not only looted the goods of the natives but also took possession of some mosques. It is said that most of the troops were under the influence of liquor. The natives complained to the Commandant and the Mutasarif, but no result having been obtained, they armed themselves with iron rods, knives etc., and drove out the troops from the mosques as far the military barracks. Fortunately, the troops, with the exception of a small number of them, had no firearms, or a larger number of casualties would have occurred.

At night a rumour was set afloat that the troops would destroy by fire the huts inhabited by Arabs, as nearly half of Hodeida consists of huts, consequently the Arab natives were placed in a state of panic, but the Commandant and the Mutasarif reassured the people, telling them that none of the troops would come within their quarters, and that they need have no fear, as the troops would be placed under guard.

Ahmed Shoorai Pasha, the president of the Municipality, narrowly escaped being shot. He was passing in company with others in his carriage. The troops taking them for non-official Arabs, fired at them killing the horse. The occupants were saved. The shops have been closed for five days.

Later advices state that everything is quiet now at Hodeida and the shops have been opened. Fourteen hundred Turkish troops have arrived at Hodeida and will now proceed to Sana.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

THE BOURSE AND BANKING COMPANY OF EGYPT LTD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—I understand that subscribers to the above named Company who apply for Share Certificates in exchange for Bankers' receipts for payment of calls on their shares are required to sign the following formal application to the Directors:—

"I request you to issue to me bearer warrants for the said shares subject to the memorandum and articles of association and the Alexandria Bourse requirements."

I need hardly recall the fact that this Company was registered under the English Companies Act of 1900 and that consequently the Directors cannot compel any shareholder to sign this application, nor I presume will they stultify themselves by endeavouring to withhold the certificates from any shareholder who dissents. Should they be so ill-advised, I should suggest that shareholders who are unwilling to be bluffed out of their rights should forward their bankers receipts to London and demand certificates in exchange from the Secretary there, and in case of refusal a summons returnable at the Mansion House should be issued against him.

This would not be an expensive course and I believe it would be successful, and it would expose the methods adopted by the Bourse and Banking Co. Ltd.

One of the main objects of the Act of 1900 was the abolition of the objectionable waiver clause; but apparently some subtle legal intellect has suggested to the Directors of the Bourse and Banking Co. Ltd., a method of circumventing that act by an ex post facto waiver clause by which they shall be indemnified from consequences of their own acts before consenting to part with the certificates which they are bound legally to deliver.

It would be interesting to have the opinion of English judges on the manner in which the Directors of the Company have observed the provisions of the act under which they registered their Company.

Yours truly
FINANCIER.

Alexandria, August 13.

[We refer our correspondent to our reference to this company in our issue of the 31st ult. We are able to inform him that the group of shareholders therein mentioned have no intention of leaving the matter in abeyance, but will vigorously assert their rights and demand treatment according to law. Ed. E. G.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The S.S. "Asiatic Prince," with passengers and general cargo, left London on the 13th inst. and is due to arrive at Alexandria on or about the 29th inst.

CASINO SAN STEFANO.

On nous offre toujours du nouveau au Casino San Stefano. Pour faire suite au concert vocal et instrumental de demain qui promet, d'être des plus réussis avec le concours de la maison Urbanora dans ses projections cinématographiques toujours si intéressantes, nous apprenons que Mo Bracale nous prépare pour dimanche prochain un magnifique programme composé entièrement de morceaux de Massenet et Saint-Saens. Les noms de ces deux grands maitres et les grandes capacités de Mo Bracale dans la reproduction de leurs œuvres, suffiront pour attirer tous les amateurs de bonne musique au concert de dimanche matin

CAIRO'S DRINKING WATER.

THE OPINION OF DOCTORS.

A DANGER TO HEALTH.

The following is the address delivered to a meeting of doctors recently held in Cairo to discuss the question of Cairo's water supply, by Dr. Hussein Yusri. Among those present were:—Doctors Shoukri Pasha, Offa Pasha, Mahdi Bey Khan, Hussein Bey Yusri, Portocalis Bey, Heggi, Bellini, Patamia, Saftasade, Giorgiadis, Potzuvby; MM. Ahmed Hamdi Pasha, Osman Pasha Ghalib, Aly Akbar Mirza Khan, and Mrs. S. Bailey.

"I have to submit to you at this meeting the critical situation of the Cairo public during the present year, an inauspicious situation caused by the dangers resulting from the use of water derived from artesian wells prejudicial to health. As my duties and work are in the service of the public I have devoted the greater part of my time lately to this question, and minutely examining, according to medical science, this water which has caused so many complaints and of which the inhabitants of Cairo, together with my colleagues, disapprove with horror. The chemical analysis made by Dr. M. Putzolu, a copy of which has been submitted to the Khedivial Medical Society of Cairo was made in conformity with the analysis conducted in the Paris laboratory by Dr. Giorgiadès the distinguished chemist, and also in conformity with my own considerable experience. The result of this analysis clearly states that the water we drink, the water of the artesian wells of Cairo, is really unhealthy, and is the cause of several external and internal maladies among the inhabitants, owing to its containing a great quantity of various salts independently of free ammonia, of albuminous ammonia and other salts, as shown in the following analysis made by Dr. Putzolu.

Residue Salts	Rod-El-Farag	Tap Water
Litres in milligr	300	285
Silica	52	35
Chloride of Sodium	15	17
Sulphuric Acid	10	10
Iron of Allumium	5	10
Lime	75	70
Magnesia	25	22
Carbonate of Soda	20	25
Carbonic Acid	..	..
Earthy Alkaline Carbon	82	78
Nitric Acid	traces	traces
Nitrous Acid	..	..
Free Ammonia	20	35
Albuminoid Ammonia	01	05
Hydrotimetric Degree	22	20
Organic matters in oxygen absorbed in 10 M.P.	2	3

From this analysis made at the commencement of this year it can be seen that there is a large proportion of salts contained in the water. I can nevertheless convince you that there is actually a yet greater proportion, and that this water is extremely dangerous to health, as I shall be able to show you presently. Some two years ago an idea germinated in the brains of our health officials and the directors of the Water Company, namely to substitute water derived from artesian wells for the Nile water, under the pretext that this water was good to drink, suitable to the health and contained no microbes. I would have nothing to say against this idea if the artesian wells of Cairo had been established according to hygienic sanitary principles and had not, like the actual wells, the faults hereafter stated:—

We know from the study of geology that the earth is composed of superimposed beds differing from one another in proportion, in situation, in nature, in thickness, in form and
in degree. In one part of the [redacted] al globe
these layers are composed ly bed,
followed by another of ston ain by a
layer of artesian rock of a ickness
(called artesian wells) wh ntrates
and furnishes the desired qu l water,
wholesome, pure, and destitut without
taste or odour, and which cl nalysis
and microscopic examination uitable
for drinking purposes. Furthe ot sub-
mitted to any atmospheric c l does
not became tainted by the iro hrough
which it has to pass. It is thi at we
desire and it is this water from wells
that is salubrious to health other
hand, another part of the g w and
marshy (like the place of the ells at
Rod-El-Farag) its earth is comp fferent
layers, the first of which is s ratum
followed by clay, again, a sand lastly
a divisible rock of no great which
concentrates the impure water to the
detriment of Cairo.

I again repeat that it was error
to employ for our needs the m the
artesian wells at Rod-El-Fara at the
time of excavation was submit alysis
and known to contain a lar ity of
different salts, and a large on of
ammonia, constituting a gr er to
health and rendering it unfit . But
the Water Company, thinki rther
purify the water, said that it wish
to go to enormous expense ar-
tesian wells in other places d us
in spite of all protests to dr water.
What improvement can we the
matter? Do you not know bed
of water at Rod-El-Farag is with
other beds of water higher iving
water from a layer of limesto rous
layer which concentrates th and
which, following the great of
water taken out from the d to
face the needs of the 650,00 ants
of Cairo, filters itself and fl the
lower basin of water to take e of
the abstracted water? Thus r in
the lower bed is becoming f salts
of the water provided by the higher beds, and this is the water which we drink and to the dangers of which the company has not awakened.

I do not wish to criticise the arrangements which have necessitated the company allowing us to drink this water, in spite of its unhealthy nature, I leave to others this care. I need not attract attention to what has been written in the daily journals apropos of this subject.

Let us consider for the present what are the dangers to the health of the inhabitants of Cairo and above all to the children. I attest to you from my ocular observations and my careful examinations made lately, that I am scientifically and practically assured that this water is insalubrious, as I have already attested in certain journals, well known and respected, and of which you must all fully approve. The complaints which the said water engenders are both external and internal.

The external maladies are:—

1. The falling off of the hair which whitens rapidly, as has been attested by many ladies.

2. The change in the colour of clothes to a yellow colour which does not altogether disappear on being plunged into boiling water.

3. If a small quantity of water is taken from the surface on a fine morning an unpleasant odour is detected similiar to that of a bad egg (because the water contains a large quantity of ammonia); sometimes it leaves a residue of iron salt having a black colour tinged with blue.

4. If a quantity of water is put into a vase and left there for several days it is found to leave a residue of white salt at the bottom of the vase, and on the surface of the water a mucous layer.

5. If an earthenware jar that has contained water is broken the interior is found to be blackened.

6. If a glass of water is filled and a piece of metal, a tooth, or a piece of indiarubber is put in it and left there for one or two days the water will be found to have a mucous consistency.

7. All utensils and things made of nickel used for this water become oxidised and turn black, the complaints from dentists being very numerous.

Such are the external dangers from the water of the artesian wells, the internal are as follows:

8. Maladies of the stomach and intestines (acute diarrhœa) are prevalent, particularly among ladies and children who drink this water; they are not cured until they cease to use it and easily relapse into their complaints.

9. Why this great and alarming proportion of deaths among children, and why do they succumb to the green diarrhœa malady in an unheard of manner and from which they were cured during the years when the water from the Nile was the only drinking water?

10. I have seen several persons attacked with skin maladies, sometimes a species of erythema and in other cases an itching disease. These maladies disappear when the sufferers cease to drink the water from the artesian wells, and return when they recommence drinking it.

11. I know several inhabitans of Cairo noted for their health and strong constitutions who have become thin through drinking this water.

These are the inconveniences and dangers to which I have attracted the attention of my colleagues, advising them not to order calomel for their patients, particularly for the children of Cairo who are exposed to the maladies of the stomach and the intestines. Some fevers and specially the green diarrhœa are caused by taking calomel mixed with the water of the artesian wells.

It is my distinguished colleague Altaf Bey who has called my attention to this last matter.

Having detailed to you in a general manner the dangers produced from these artesian wells, how can one admit, as some wish to do, that this water is pure and wholesome? Why have all these maladies fallen upon the inhabitants of Cairo when nothing was known of them during the usage of the Nile water? Do you consider that it is sufficient to place a piece of cotton under the tap, in order to prevent the bad effects of this water and render it wholesome and pure, as contended by the Company? The Pasteur filter allows few microbes to pass, but is only suitable for the Nile water which does not contain these dangers.

Further, what are the infectious maladies which are supposed to have diminished in Cairo since the public drunk the water from the artesian wells in place of the Nile water? Have they made a quarantine on the inhabitants of Cairo in order to compare it with the inhabitants of Upper and Lower Egypt, or directly with the inhabitants of Alexandria who utilise the Nile water, and have these contagious maladies?

Has it been forbidden us to travel in the villages of Egypt, to mix with their inhabitants, and to drink their water from which they absorb the microbes and contract the contagious diseases? No! Not a word has been said. Have we not stated the alarming proportion of deaths particularly among children in an unheard of manner of late? An article was published, in one of the daily journals dated 14 July, and in which I attested, from facts and documents, that if this state of things continues three parts of the inhabitants of Cairo will disappear in ten years and in 30 years the final hour will be rung for the complete evacuation. It is dreadful to dream of these results, nevertheless it is the reality, and it is for that that I have attracted the attention of sanitary government officials in order that they might take some means to remedy the matter. Our brothers at Alexandria drink the water of the Nile, sanitarily filtered, or to speak plainer from the Mahmoudieh canal which is one of the last branches, and nevertheless their health is perfect.

The Cairo journals say that before long some experts from Europe are coming expressly to analyse the water of the artesian wells and to decide if the water is good or bad for the general health. This truly astonishes me. Is it that after the analyses and experiments made by the doctors and chemists, native and European of Cairo, and who have established the danger of the water, we have any need to wait for the experts from Europe and to take into consideration their reports? Is it that the words of these experts will be more efficacious and valuable than those of the doctors and chemists, or in short of all the inhabitants of Cairo, who have experienced upon themselves the effects of this water? Is not their complaint sufficient? Does there not exist in Egypt one single European expert capable of examining the water and pronouncing a verdict?

By these expressions I do not desire to wound the sentiments of anyone or to criticise the Egyptian Government, because I am convinced that our government looks well to the health of the inhabitants, and employs every means to further their happiness, but I have found it necessary to discuss this great question. In conclusion I cannot leave the matter without dwelling upon the gravity of a peril always menacing. The death of our children between our hands, martyrs to a criminal water, the slow poisoning through this perfidious channel, does it not all engage us to protest in the matter with our full energy? Look well to seek some means to put an end to these dangers and let us unite in our efforts to do all we can for the safeguarding of the health of Cairo and the children from this water drawn from artesian wells improper and unhealthy. In addressing a petition to our government, not in our name alone but in the name of the public of Cairo, in which we shall enumerate the dangers of this water to the health of the 650,000 inhabitants, dangers attested by many gentlemen, doctors and chemists, agreed to by many notables and journalists native and European who are here present; and in which we shall solicit the government to instruct the Water Company to go back to the Nile water filtered according to hygienic prescriptions, and under the direction of a sanitary committee till they can discover artesian wells which will give water free from salts injurious to health, without ammonia, devoid of taste or smell and which they are prepared to run through enamelled pipes."

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

On the occasion of the 77th anniversary of the birth of the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria Hungary, mass will be celebrated in the Coptic-Catholic church near the Ramleh station, on Sunday next at 9.15 a.m. After the ceremony the Vice-Consul, Dr. Eitl will receive the members of the colony at the Consulate.

M. Philon, Diplomatic Agent for Greece at Cairo, will sail to-morrow for Athens on board the "Osmanieh."

M. Scotidis, Consul-General for Greece in Alexandria, will also sail to-morrow for Athens on the "Osmanieh." He will be replaced by M. Verenikis, Vice-Consul.

M. Piacentini, Italian Vice-Consul in Alexandria, has completely recovered from his recent illness and has arrived from Europe to resume his duties.

Mr. Brothers, agent of the Bank of Egypt at Assouan, has resigned his post.

OBITUARY.

SIR CHARLES MANSFIELD.

We regret to announce the death, in the 79th year of his age, of Colonel Sir Charles Mansfield K.C.M.G., the father of Lewa Mansfield Pasha, Commandant of the Cairo City Police, which occurred at Laterina near Florence, on the 1st August. He was the last surviving son of the late Mr. John Mansfield of Digswell House, Herts and grandson of the celebrated Jurist, Sir James Mansfield, Lord Chief Justice of Common pleas. He was also a brother of the First Lord Sandhurst.

Sir C. Mansfield was born on the 11th October 1828, he was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took his degree and subsequently entered the Army as an Ensign in the 33rd foot, the Duke of Wellington's West Riding Regiment. He was aide de camp to Major General Sir Colin Campbell K.C.B. Commanding the 1st Division of the Army in the East. Was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, mentioned in despatches, was present also at Sebastopol and again mentioned in despatches. Captain Mansfield was then appointed A.D.C. and Secretary to Brigadier General Mansfield of the Embassy Constantinople, and further A.D.C. to General Sir William Mansfield (afterward Lord Sandhurst). After holding various other positions and being present at many engagements Lieut. Colonel Mansfield was appointed Consul General at Warsaw, and later Agent and Consul General of the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, residing at Bucharest, in 1877. Colonel Masfield in 1878 was promoted Minister Resident at Bogotà, and appointed Minister Resident at Caracas in 1881. He represented the Queen and the British Nation at the Bolivar Centenary. Caracas 1883. He was appointed Minister Resident and Consul General at Lima December 1884 and made a K.C.M.G. in 1887. He received the Crimean, Turkish, Sardinian and Indian Medals.

WILL MOROCCO FIGHT?

WHAT THE "NAZARENES" HAVE TO FACE.

(BY AN ENGLISH RESIDENT.)

At last! After three years of wearisome chatter, mysterious pourparlers, Algeciras protocols, "pacific" penetration and the like, the hour is pealing for action. Diplomacy takes a back seat, and the guns begin to shoot.

In all probability this week upon which we are entering will end, once and for ever, the vexed question of Morocco's position in relation to the Powers of Christendom, if not her very existence as an independent State. Dramatic, in a sense, as is the brief announcement that "Franco-Spanish troops are to be landed at the Treaty Ports," this would appear the sole ultimate remedy for the misrule which has become intolerable, not only to Europeans living under the precarious protection of Moulai Abd-ul-Aziz, but to the nations whose duty it is to defend them.

Yet, as omelettes cannot be made without breaking of eggs, the carrying into effect of this first step towards the "pacification" of Morocco will probably furnish incidents both of a sensational and lamentable character and thus it may not be out of place to sketch, as briefly as the theme allows, the nature of the task confided to the French and Spanish contingents if actual conflict takes place.

Simultaneous Occupation Imperative.

There are in all—from Tetuan, in the Mediterranean, to Mogador, on the Atlantic shore—eight Treaty Ports, each of which will be occupied by European troops, as a protection against what appears to be the certain outbreak of general anti-foreign fury when once it becomes known throughout the Moorish Empire that an armed Christian force has invaded the soil of Islam. For the sake of many hundreds of our kinsfolk now in Morocco—and for the sake of thousands of other Europeans and all non-combatants—it is of the most urgent, nay, paramount importance that the occupation shall be simultaneous. Otherwise, if a single day or night be allowed for reflection, there is absolutely nothing to prevent a score of powerful chieftains, like Anfloos, from placing a cordon round the quarters occupied by foreigners and holding them as hostages for the withdrawal of the "Nazarene" troops. And, speaking from a long acquaintance with that enterprising commander, this is precisely what he and many other tribal leaders will delight in doing if they get the chance. Highly irregular, of course, and wholly opposed to laws of civilised warfare, but quite Moorish.

The Neighbouring Chieftains.

Bear in mind, too, that all the treaty ports have for neighbours chieftains of the Raisuli, Rogui, and Anfloos temper, with whom the occupying force will have to reckon. To take but one seaport, Mogador—perhaps, with the exception of Tangier, the most familiar to English readers. The tribes of Shiadma and Haha, in the immediate vicinity, can put several thousand cavalry in the field at a day's notice. These men, if I know them at all, after many years' sojourn in their land, will fight; and, once inflamed by the war cry of *Jehad!* they will stop at no atrocity in the wild frenzy of their anti-Nazarene hatred, hitherto latent, but now kindled to fever heat by the news which, as I pen these lines, is being borne by swift-footed couriers from Tangier to Tafilat, from the Riff highlands across the mountains to Tedla and the great plain of Marakesh, to the unconquered heights of the Atlas range, and from port to port of the coast, whereon, since the Spanish invasion of 1860, no warship has fired a gun, save by way of friendly salute.

In view of the very serious task to be undertaken by France, it would be ungracious at the present moment to dwell upon the unquestionable fact that the universal detestation of the Moors for all that is French is largely due to the clumsy and provocative methods employed during the past three years by the "advance agents" of the Comité du Maroc, the syndicate representing the so-called Partie Coloniale.

A Swarm of Fighting Tribes.

Suffice it that the Moors have fallen into the trap. An unpardonable outrage has been committed, and the Quai d'Orsay—to the jubilation of the Comité and its myriad hangers-on—is forced, with the full sanction and goodwill of the Powers, to put into movement the military forces of the Republic. Yet not, surely, "à cœur léger." The occupation of the treaty ports is nothing in comparison with what must inevitably follow. I say inevitably, for the reason that, throughout the length and breadth of what was once the Empire of Morocco, there is no native Government upon which France can depend to carry out a treaty of peace; nothing but a vast, heterogeneous swarm of independent, well-armed fighting tribes, which will resist—each on its own initiative—every forward move of the army of occupation. It is quite obvious that, if merely to provision any of the treaty ports, efficient control of a district running some twenty miles inland will be essential, even should no attempt be made to occupy Fez or Marakesh.

Hence, we may look, if the landing of troops takes place, during the next few days, for the outbreaks of a conflict, guerrilla if you will, but assuredly the biggest guerrilla war the world has ever seen. ("Pall Mall Gazette")

A. S. C.

AUGUST SKYE MEETING.

Owners are reminded that entries will close at 6 p.m. on Saturday next, 17th inst.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à 11h. 1/2 a.m.).

Le marché a conservé sensiblement la même allure qu'hier, à cette différence près que les affaires se sont encore raréfiées. Il y a une tendance évidente à réaliser, mais comme cette tendance se manifeste un peu sur tous les points à la fois, elle ne réussit qu'à créer un état de marasme. Les transactions, légères et clairsemées, ont porté spécialement sur l'Agricole, les Tramways Privilégiées, l'Investment, les Estates, l'United et les Ritz Hotels. A Londres, les valeurs égyptiennes et en particulier l'Agricole et la National Bank sont très soutenues, bien que le taux privé d'escompte, par sa hausse incessante, fasse prévoir une accentuation prochaine de la cherté de l'argent.

Ici, l'Agricole s'avance de 8 3/16 vendeurs à 8 7/32 acheteurs, avec échanges peu importants. La National Bank, plus ferme à 20 1/2-9/16, n'a cependant donné lieu à aucune opération. La Delta Light est plus faible à 9 3/4 et la Daïra fléchit de 12 15/16 à 12 7/8 vendeurs, ainsi que l'Obligation ancienne Crédit Foncier de 303 1/2 à 302 1/2.

La Privilégiée Bière d'Alexandrie perd 14 francs à 146, tandis que la Béhéra s'avance de 20 1/2 à 20 5/8 et que les Tramways d'Alexandrie reprennent de 140 à 141 1/2 les Privilégiées et de 297 à 300 les Dividendes à la suite d'une demande suivie.

En hausse encore l'Urbaine de 3 3/4 vendeurs à 3 3/4 acheteurs, la Building Lands de 2 1/2 à 2 9/16, le Crédit Franco-Egyptien de 4 1/4 à 4 9/32, l'Allotment de 2 13/16 à 2 7/8 l'action et de 80 à 85 P.T. la part de fondateur, la Port Saïd Salt de 14/3 à 14/6, les Cotton Ginners de 1 5/16 à 1 3/8, les Markets de 28 à 29, et la Salt and Soda de 18/6 à 18/9.

L'Investment, un peu plus faible, fléchit à 9/16 et la Land Bank est offerte à 7 3/16, ainsi que la Delta Land à 2 1/16 et la Cassa di Sconto à 46.

Sur le reste de la cote il n'y a pas de changements à signaler.

La Sidi Salem Estates Co vient de vendre un lot de 150 feddans de terres incultes à raison de 60 livres le feddan. Ce lot faisant partie de la propriété de Sidi Salem achetée au prix de 38 livres 1/2 le feddan, le bénéfice brut de cette opération ressort à 3225 livres

On n'en a pas encore fini avec la Bourse and Banking (Arditi). Il paraît que les principaux intéressés sont décidément réfractaires à l'arrangement voté naguère par la majorité des courtiers. C'est pourquoi sans doute le Comité informe de nouveau les membres visés qu'il leur est accordé jusqu'au 27 de ce mois inclusivement pour le règlement de toutes les affaires en suspens et pour lesquelles des plainte lui ont été adressées. Après cette date, il prendra contre les retardataires les mesures les plus sévères !

A l'occasion de la fête de l'Ascension, la Corbeille des valeurs sera fermée demain jeudi. Cependant le règlement des valeurs se fera comme à l'ordinaire. Notre prochain bulletin ne paraîtra par conséquent que vendredi prochain.

Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, Mardi 13 Août

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres est renseigné en hausse de 1/8 à 4 1/8 pour cent.

Au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais a regagné hier 1/4 de livre à 81 3/4. L'Unifiée est restée invariée à 101 1/2. La National Bank accentuant sa reprise a encore haussé de 1/8 à 20 3/8. La Daïra a été soutenue à 12 3/4, l'Agricole à 8 1/8 et la Delta Light à 10.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier Egyptien a reculé de 1 franc à 686. La Banque d'Athènes s'est consolidée à 112. Les Lots Turcs ont gagné 1 franc à 168.

⁂

Ici, après un début très promettant, la séance a montré un peu de lourdeur à la suite de réalisations, ce qui, du reste, était prévu.

Néanmoins, les vendeurs s'apercevant que les titres offerts étaient facilement absorbés, se sont rapidement retirés et la fermeté a repris le dessus. La clôture a même été très favorable pour le plus grand nombre des titres et si l'on remarque quelques rétrogradations, il n'y faut voir qu'un effet de la hausse. Somme toute, cette petite réaction est très salutaire. Il est préférable qu'il n'y ait pas d'emballement et que la reprise se fasse lentement et graduellement. "Chi va piano, va sano", et la situation restant saine, on peut bannir toute crainte, aucune de nos valeurs n'ayant encore repris un rang conforme à sa valeur intrinsèque.

Dans le compartiment des Banques, la National Bank se met presque en harmonie avec son cours à Londres à 20 1/2. L'Agricole s'est consolidée à 8 3/16. Le Comptoir Financier et Commercial paraît en meilleure disposition à 3 1/8-3/16.

Les Jouissances Eaux du Caire accentuent leur reprise à 193. Les obligations anciennes du Crédit Foncier se relèvent à 306-307. La Béhéra reprend à 20 1/2. La Wardan Estate se ranime à 4 1/4-1/2. L'Allotment, favorite du jour, hausse à 2 7/8 et la fondateur, très active, est portée à P.T. 72-73. Les Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux sont très fermes à 2 5/8 et la fondateur en bonne demande avance à P.T. 45 après avoir fait 46. Les Héliopolis sont indécises à 245-246 et la fondateur toujours en bonne disposition à 12 1/4.

Dans le groupe des Hôtels, les Baehler sont activement recherchés et bondissent à 6 3/8. Les Nungovich gagnent 1/4 à 14 1/4 et les fondateurs National Hotels, assez actives, avancent à P.T. 34.

Parmi les petites valeurs, la Delta Land est réalisée à 2 1/8. Les Estates faiblissent à 0 13/16, leur part est ferme à 4. La Salt and Soda est en reprise à 18/9. Les Markets sont recherchées à 29/6. Les Abdy reculent à 0 5/8-11/16 et les Ghezireh Mansions sont calmes à 0 5/16-3/8. Les Oasis (Western Egypt) sont mieux tenus à 0 9/16.

⁂

Au sujet de la situation monétaire, le "Statist" fait les observations suivantes :

"... Pour ce qui est de la situation probable en automne, l'excédent des réserves des banques nationales aux Etats-Unis est fort restreint, ce qui permet de croire qu'avant peu l'argent sera cher dans ce pays. En Allemagne, il y a toute apparence qu'avant la fin de l'année le taux de la Banque remontera à 7% et peut-être au-delà. L'Egypte où une récolte de coton très élevée est certaine, aura besoin d'une quantité d'or exceptionnelle. Les banques anglaises auront donc à se tenir sur leurs gardes, à aider la Banque d'Angleterre à grossir sa réserve afin d'éviter le retour de ce qui s'est passé l'année dernière."

C'est à cette préoccupation que nous devons, sans doute, l'élévation graduelle du taux de l'escompte libre à Londres.

⁂

Aujourd'hui aura lieu la dernière assemblée de la Corporation des agents de change du Caire dans le but de fixer définitivement les conditions de rétablissement du marché à terme.

On nous dit que la date projetée pour la réouverture serait le 15 Août prochain. Quant à l'innovation de la marge obligatoire à verser par le client pour opérer à terme, elle rencontre quelque opposition mais il est presque certain qu'elle trouvera une majorité favorable surtout si l'on procède à des modifications de détail.

⁂

Sous la dénomination de "The United Egyptian Salt Ltd., a été enregistrée à Londres, le 30 Juillet écoulé, une nouvelle Société anonyme anglaise pour l'Egypte, au capital de £ 300,000 représenté par autant d'actions de £ 1.

Le but de la Société est de reprendre le contrat conclu entre l'Egyptian Salt and Soda et la Port Said Salt Association, ainsi que celui intervenu entre les Egyptian Markets Ltd., l'Egyptian Salt and Soda et la Port Said Salt Association, de faire le commerce du sel et autres marchandises.

Il n'y aura pas de souscription publique.

⁂

D'après une information de Belgique, l'exercice 1907-1908 des Tramways du Caire a brillamment débuté. Le mois de juillet écoulé a en effet enregistré la belle recette de 554,339 francs contre 451,755 l'année précédente, soit en augmentation de 102,604 francs. C'est à cela qu'il faudrait attribuer la récente hausse qui s'est produite sur les parts de fondateur de cette Société.

CINEMATOGRAPHE GAUMONT

12 RUE ROSETTE

L'habile impresario qui a installé dans la grande salle F. Lifonti la dernière nouveauté de machine cinématographique de la maison Gaumont de Paris vient d'obtenir de la maison Pathé Frères l'envoi hebdomadaire de ses nouveautés.

De ce fait on pourra assister en la salle F. Lifonti à un spectacle des plus variés composé des nouveautés les plus intéressantes de la maison L. Gaumont et de la maison Pathé Frères.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR

ARRIVALS

August 13

Vassilissa Olga, Greek s. Capt Ghiatis, Salonica and Piraeus, Nanopoulo.

Maria Teresa, Aust s. Capt Lucovich, Messina and Port Said, Austrian Lloyd.

DEPARTURES

August 13

Odessa, Rus. s. Capt Dinne, Piraeus and Odessa.

Salamis, Greek s. Capt Pithis, Port Said and Cyprus.

Maria Teresa, Aust. s. Capt Lucovich, Trieste.

Wilster, Brit. s. Capt Martin, Odessa, in ballast.

Charlton Hall, Brit s. Capt Kilvert, Odessa, in ballast.

Britannia, Ital. steam tug, Capt Biagini, Genoa.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

ALEXANDRIA

Kom-el-Nadoura Observatory

Direction of wind	N.N.W.
Force of Anemometer	25
State of Sea	Slight
Barometer corrected	75 7
Evaporation	6
State of Clouds	1/4 clouded
During 24 hours ending 8 a.m.: Max. Temp. in the shade	30
Min. do. do.	24.5
Humidity of the air	83
Heat of the sun	[illegible]
Moon rises	9.54 a.m.
" sets	10.01 p.m.

REMARKS

There is no change in the weather conditions, this morning opened beautifully clear with a light N.N.W. breeze and a falling barometer.

OTHER STATIONS.

OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT

For the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. yesterday.

Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.	Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.
Port Said	31	23	Merowe	41	29
Suez	38	24	Athara	4[illegible]	23
Caire: Helouan	38	21	Suakin		
Caire: Ghizeh	37	20	Khartoum	38	23
Assiout	41	20	Kassala	32	23
Assouan	43	2[illegible]	Wad Medani	31	15
Wady Halfa	4[illegible]	24	Dueim		

CEREAL MARKET.

ROD EL FARAG.—(Yesterday's Prices.)

Wheat Tugari Baladi.	Ard.	P.T.	97	to 98
" Middling	"	"	107	" 108
" Mawani	"	"	135	" 138
" Tugari Saidi	"	"	101	" 101
Beans Tugari	"	"	100	" 102
" Zawati Saidi	"	"	107	" 108
" Nabati	"	"	115	" 117
" Old	"	"	—	" —
Lentils Tugari	"	"	85	" 86
" Nekadi	"	"	92	" 95
" Zawati	"	"	115	" 117
Barley Tugari	"	"	73	" 71
" Zawati	"	"	77	" 80
" Shami	"	"	—	" —
" Mariuti	"	"	—	" —
Dura Shami	"	"	—	" —
" Rafia	"	"	—	" —
Helba	"	"	—	" —
" Zawati	"	"	—	" —

CEREALS IN BOAT AT SAHEL

Wheat	Ard	3.000
Beans	"	10,000
Lentils	"	2,000
Barley Baladi	"	1,000
Dura Shami	"	—
Dura Rafia	"	—
Helba	"	—

Resume Mouvement coton

depuis le 1er Septembre

	1906-7	1905-6	1904 905
	Cantars	Cantars	Cantars
Recettes	6.862.000	5.877.000	6.225.000
Exportat.	6.821.000	5.933.000	6.169.000
Stock	261.000	290.000	445.000

Comme partage, nous trouvons :

Angleterre	3.273.000	2.875.000	2.960.000
Continent	2.657.000	2.507.000	2.686.000
Amérique	892.000	550.000	591.000

BOURSE KHEDIVIALE

CONTRATS

Fluctuations de 9h.30 a.m. à 1h. p.m.

Cotons F.G.F.Br.

Dans la matinée ; prix plus haut pour août talaris 20 17/32 à —/— ; novembre 20 3/16 à —/—, plus bas pour août 20 13/32 à —/— ; novembre 20 3/32 à —/—.

Graines de coton

Dans la matinée ; prix plus haut pour août P.T. 83 —/— à —/— ; plus bas pour août 83 —/— à —/—.

REMARQUES

(De midi à 1h. p.m.)

Coton.—On a fini comme a commencé, c'est à dire dans le plus grand calme comme affaires et sans reprise sur la petite baisse du matin. Tendance faible.

Graines de coton.—Marché inactif par continuation, mais cours très soutenus.

Bourse Khédiviale, le 13 août 1907.

COTONS

copie de la dépêche
DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION
à la
LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khédiviale à 9h.45 a.m.)

Tal. 20 3/32	Livraison	Août
" 20 13/32	"	Novembre
" 20 17/32	"	Janvier
" 20 15/16	"	Mars

Marché quiet

Arrivages de ce jour, à Minet-el-Bassal, can —

Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khéd. à 1h. p.m.

Tal. 20 —	Livraison	Août
" 20 7/16	"	Novembre
" 20 19/32	"	Janvier
" 20 31/32	"	Mars

Marché steady

MARCHE DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

14 août 1907.—(11h.50 a.m.)

Cotons.—Clôture du marché du 13 août : Marché nul

Etat du marché de ce jour, cot. : Marché nul

Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par can. contre même jour l'année précédente can. —

Graines de coton.—Marché nul

	Disponible	Ticket
Mit-Afifi—80		Rien
Haute-Egypte.—79		Rien

Blés.—Fermes

Qualité Saïdi.—Cond. Saha P.T. 105 à 110

" *Béhéra* : " " " 100 " 105

Fèves.—Sans affaires

Saïdi : Disponible.—

Fayoum : Disponible.—

Qualité Saïdi. Cond. Saha P.T. 100 à 105

" *Béhéra* " " " " " —

Lentilles.—Soutenues

Disponible : Rien

Cond. Saha P.T. 110 à 115

Orges.—Calmes

Cond. Saha P.T. 60 à 65

Maïs.—Sans changement

Disponible : Rien.

" Cond. Saha P.T. 70 à 75

Exportations du 13 août			dep. le 9	
Coton	Bal.	125	Bal.	3260
Gr. de cot.	Ard.	—	Ard.	1250
Fèves				

Exportations probables de la semaine

		1907	1906
Coton	Bal.	5,000	4,600
Graines de coton	Ard.	15,000	53,000
Fèves			

Les prix suivants ont été pratiqués ce jour

COTON

G.M.B.

(BASSE-EGYPTE)

Province Béhéra

Damanhour ... De P.T. — à —

Province Garbieh

Kafr-Zayat ... De P.T. 387 ½ à 417 ½

Tantah ... " " 380 " 415

Province Menoufieh

Menouf ... De P.T. — à —

Province Galioubieh

Galioub ... De P.T. 365 à 370

SECTION DES GRAINES ET CEREALES

PRIX FRANCO-STATION	DISPONIBLE	TICKET
Graines de coton Afifi	P.T. 80 — à	P.T. —
" Haute-Egypte	" 79 — "	" —
Blé Saïdi	— — "	—
Fèves-Saïdi	— — "	—
Fayoumi	— — "	—

ARRIVAGES

du mercredi 14 août 1907

Documents de l'"Alexandria General Produce Assoc."

		CHEMINS DE FER	BARQUES
Cotons	8/B	—	—
Graines de coton	sacs	—	—
Blés Saïdi		66	—
" Béhéra	"	611	—
Fèves Saïdi	"	289	—
" Béhéra	"	—	—
Orge	"	127	—
Maïs	"	83	—
Lentilles	"	—	—

Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 6,852,315

Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour Ard. 4,124,207

Contre même jour en 1906 :

		BARQUES ET CHEMINS DE FER
Coton	8/B	3
Graines de coton	sacs	—
Blés Saïdi	"	—
" Béhéra	"	86
Fèves Saïdi	"	—
" Béhéra	"	—
Orge	"	—
Maïs	"	—
Lentilles	"	—

Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 5,876,766

Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour ardebs 3,560,108

CONTRATS, (11 h. 55 a.m.)

Cours de la Bourse de Minet-el-Bassal

Coton F.G.F.Br.

Novembre	Tal. 20 3/8	à	—
Janvier	" 20 1/2	"	—
Mars	" 20 19/32	"	—
Août	" 20 1/16	"	—

Graines de coton

Novembre-Décembre-Jan.	P.T. 72 —	à	—
Août	" 83 N.	"	—

REMARQUES :

Coton.—Récolte actuelle.—Marché inactif : prix faibles.

Graines de coton.—Récolte actuelle.—Marché nul.

Fèves-Saïdi.—Récolte actuelle.—Marché nul.

EXTERIEUR

Dépêches particulières du 13 août 1907

PRODUITS EGYPTIENS

LIVERPOOL

Coton.—*Etat du Marché.*—200

Disponible.—10 12/16

Futurs.—août : 10 34/64 (10/64 de baisse)

LIVERPOOL

Graines de coton.—Sans changement

Fèves.—Sans affaires

HULL

Graines de coton.—Soutenues

Fèves.—Marché nul

LONDRES

Graines de coton.—Calmes

COTON AMERICAIN

LIVERPOOL

Futurs août-sept. : 6.82 (5 points de baisse)

" jan. fév. : 6.58 (7 points de baisse)

Disponible : 7.30 (13 points de baisse)

NEW-YORK

Middling Upland : 13.30

Futurs août : 11.41 (5 points de baisse)

" janvier : 12.27 (1 point de hausse)

Arrivages du jour, balles 1,000

Contre même jour l'année dernière, balles 8,100

ASSOCIATION DES COURTIERS EN MARCHANDISES

(*Service spécial*)

DEPECHE D'OUVERTURE

LIVERPOOL, 10h. a.m

Américain

Futurs : août-sept.

" jan. fév. : 6.62

Seconde Depêche, 10h.5 a.m.

Futurs : août-sept. : 6.87

" jan. fév. : 6.63

DERNIERE HEURE

(Clôture de la Bourse Khédiviale 1 h. p.m.)

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandise

Coton F.G.F.Br.

Novembre	Tal. 20 7/16	à	— 15/32
Janvier	" 20 19/32	"	— 5/8
Mars	" 20 31/32	"	21 —
Août	" 19 31/32	"	20 —

Graines de coton

Nov.-Dec.-Jan.	P.T. 71 35/40	à	72 —
Août	" 83 —	"	— —

NOLIS

HULL

Céréales	Shgs.	1/9	à —/
Tourteaux		7/	" —/
Graines de coton	"	8/	" —/
Oignons	"	—	" —/

LONDRES

Céréales	Shgs.	1/9	à —/
Tourteaux	"	7/	" —/
Graines de coton	"	8/	" —/
Oignons	"	—	" —/

PORTS DIRECTS

Graines de coton	Shgs.	9/6	à —/
Céréales	"	2/	" —/

LIVERPOOL

Coton	Shgs.	11/	à —/
Céréales	"	1/6	" —/
Tourteaux	"	9/	" —/
Graines de coton	"	10/	" —/
Oignons	"	—	" —/

CONTINENT (NANTES-DUNKERQUE)

Graines de coton (Dunkerque)	Fr.	10	à —
" " (Nantes)	"	10	" —
Fèves	"	10	" —
Oignons	"	—	" —

MARSEILLE

Fèves	Fr.	7	à 8
Graines de coton	"	7	" 8

DESTINATIONS DIVERSES

Coton ; Odessa, Trieste, Venise

Gênes Marseille	Fr.	2.—	par 100 kilog.
Barcelone	"	2.35	
Le Havre	"	3.—	
Dunkerque	"	2.50	
Anvers	"	2.—	
Hambourg	Fr.	20.— à 22.50	par tonne poids
St. Petersbourg	"	25.—	
New-York	"	25.—	
Bombay	"	25.—	

Alexandrie, le 8 août 1907.

GRAINES DE COTON

Prix du disponible du 3 au 9 août

		HAUTE EGYPTE		MIT AFIFI	
Le	3	P.T. —	—	P.T. —	—
"	4	"	—	" —	—
"	5	"	—	" —	—
"	6	" —		" —	—
"	7	" 79	—	" 80	—
"	8	" 79	—	" 80	—
"	9	" 79	—	" 80	—

STOCKS AND SHARES

ALEXANDRIA BOURSE

Issued by the "Association des Courtiers en Valeurs d'Alexandrie"

Cloture d'aujourd'hui à 11h. ½ a.m.

Agricultural Bank of Egypt	Lst.	8 7/32	à	— ¼
National Bank of Egypt	"	20 ½	"	— 9/16
Ramleh Railway	"	6 —	"	— —
Egyptian Delta Railways	"	9 ¾	"	— —
Tramways d'Alexandrie	Fcs.	141 —	"	— ½
" " Div.	"	300 —	"	— —
Alexandria Water	Lst.	11 ⅝	"	— —
Eaux du Caire	Fcs.	114 —	"	— —
" " Jouissance	"	192 —	"	— —
Daira Sanieh	Lst.	12 ⅞	"	— V.
Behera	L.E.	20 ⅝	"	— —
Bourse Khédiviale d'Alex.	Lst.	25 —	"	— —
Egyptian Markets	Sh.	29/ —	"	29/6 —
Anglo-Egyptian Spinning	Lst.	— ⅝	"	— —
Biere d'Alexandrie Privilegiées	Fcs.	146 —	"	— —
" " Dividendes	"	87 —	"	— —
Biere du Caire Privilegiées	"	89 —	"	— —
" " Dividendes	"	38 —	"	— —
Egyptian Cotton Mills	Sh.	2/6 —	"	— —
Egyptian Salt & Soda	"	18/9 —	"	— —
Oblig. Credit Foncier Egyptien 3 o/o 1886	Fcs.	302 ½	"	— —
Oblig. Credit Foncier Egyptien 3 o/o 1903	"	259 —	"	— —
Lots Turcs	"	164 —	"	— —
Cassa di Sconto	"	46 —	"	— V.
" " Nouvelle	"	! —	"	— —
Anglo-American Nile	Lst.	— —	"	— —
Banque d'Athenes	Fcs.	114 —	"	— V.
Deferred Delta	Lst.	9 —	"	— —
Nungovich Hotels	"	14 —	"	— —
Delta Land	"	2 1/16	"	— V.
Nile Land	"	13 —	"	— —
Sucr. et Raffinerie d'Egypte	Fcs.	55 —	"	— —
Khedivial Mail Preference	Lst.	3 ⅜	"	— —
" " Ordinary	Sh.	21/3 —	"	21/6 —
Egypt. Invest. & Agency Ltd.	Lst.	— 9/16	"	— ⅝
Land Bank	"	7 3/16	"	— V.
Land Investment	"	— —	"	— —
Estates	"	— ¾	"	— A.
Splendid Hotels	L.E.	4 —	"	— —
Cheik Fadl	Fcs.	100 —	"	— —
Entreprises Urbaines	Lst.	3 ¾	"	— 13/16
Comptoir Financier	"	3 —	"	3 1/16
parts de fondateurs	"	3 —	"	— —
Building Lands	"	2 9/16	"	— ⅝
The Upper Egypt and Delta Navigation	L.E.	— —	"	— —
Union Fonciere d'Egypte	"	4 ⅝	"	— —
Banco di Roma	Fcs.	104 —	"	105 —
Credit Franco Egyptien	Lst.	4 9/32	"	— 5/16
Banque d'Orient	Fcs.	118 —	"	— —
Aboukir	Sh.	29 —	"	— —
Publications	L.E.	3 ¾	"	— N.
Anglo-Egyptian Allotment	"	2 ⅞	"	— —
" " Fondateur	P.T.	85 —	"	— —
Port Said Salt	Sh.	14/6 —	"	14/9 —
Cotton Ginners	Lst.	1 ⅜	"	— —
Egypt and Levant Steamship	"	— ⅝	"	— V.
Egyptian Constructions	"	— —	"	[illegible] —
The Auto-Transport Co.	"	4 —	"	— N.
United Land	"	— 1/16	"	— V.
" fondateur	"	2 ⅜	"	— V.
Ritz Hotels	"	— ¾	"	— V.
Egypt. Land Invest. & Building	"	— —	"	— —
" " fondateur	"	— —	"	— —
Soc. Gen. Elect. et Mécanique	"	4 —	"	— N.
Sté Gle Economique Fraternelle		— —		— —
Eg. Imp. Corporation		— —		— —
Helouan	"	— ⅝		— —
Bourse and Banking	"	— —		— —
fondateur	"	! —	"	— —
Levico	"	— 11/16	"	— A.
fondateur	"	— —	"	— —
Sednaui Zariffa	"	3 ⅜	"	— —
fondateur	"	4 —	"	— —

BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 13 Aout 1907.

Banques

		Actions Obligations	Jouissances Fondateurs
National Bank of Egypt	£	20 ½	
Agricultural Bank of Egypt	£	8 3/16	850
Banque d'Athènes	Fcs.	114 —	
Cassa di Sconto	Frs.	42 —	
" Nouv./Emis.	Frs.	— —	
Land Bank	£	7 ¼-3/16	70 n.
Comptoir Financ. & Comm.	£	3 3/16	3
Banque d'Abyssinie	£	5 —	
Banque d'Orient	Frs.	115 —	
Sté Générale Egyptienne	Frs.	230 —	39
H. de Vries & Boutigny Ltd.	£	1 1 3/16	5

Chemins de Fer

Alex. & Ramleh Railway	£	4 ¾	
" oblig. 5 o/o	£	102 —	
Delta Light Railway	£	9 13/16-⅞	9 ½
Lots Turcs obligations	Frs.	164 —	

Societes des Eaux

Alexandria Water Company	£	11 ¾	
Eaux du Caire part capital	Frs.	112 —	193
Eaux de Tantah	£	7 ½	

Societes Foncieres

Daira Sanieh Nouvelle	£	12 13/16	100
Crédit Foncier Egyptien	Frs.	685 —	850
Crédit Fon. ob. 3 o/o à Lots	Frs.	306-307	
Cr. Foncier ob. Nouv.Emis.	Frs.	260-261	
Cr. Foncier ob. 3 ½ o/o	Frs.	500 —	
Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 o/o	Frs.	872 —	1100
Société Agricole & Ind. 4 o/o	Frs.	475 —	
Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte	Frs.	530 —	1100
Société Anonyme du Behera	L.E.	20 ½	
Ste An. du Behera obligat.	L.E.	4 ½ n.	
Societe Fonciere d'Egypte	L.E.	31 —	
Delta Land Company	£	2 ⅛	
Wardan Estate	£	4 ¼	7 1/2
Nile Land	£	13 n.	80 n.
Egyptian Estates Limited	£	0 13/16	4
Union Fonciere	£	4 ⅝	25
Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment	L.E.	2 ⅞ P.T.	73
Gharbieh Land	L.E.	3 — L.E.	1
Cairo Suburban	£	4 ½	
Egypt. Land Invest. and Building	£	— ½	£ 1 ¼

Societes Immobilieres

Cie. Immobilière d'Egypte	Frs.	330 —	460
Agricole du Nil	Frs.	185 — ex.c.	2 ⅜
Enterprise and Development	L.E.	8 —	9 ¾
Urbaines et Rurales	£	3 ¾	16 n.
Entreprises Im. et Travaux	L.E.	2 ⅝ P.T.	44
Epargne Immobilière Ltd	£	2 — P.T.	52

Societes Industrielles

Anglo-Eg. Spinning	£	0 ⅝	12
Crown Brewery d'Alex.	Frs.	160 —	87
Crown Brewery du Caire	Frs.	90 —	41
Egyptian Cotton Mills	£	2/3 —	
Egyptian Salt and Soda	£	18/9 —	
Sté des Ciments d'Egypte	Frs.	30 —	8
Sucreries et Raffinerie	Frs.	50 n.	
Port Said Salt Association	£	14/ —	
Nile Cold Storage	£	0 ¾	
Egyptian Markets	£	29/6 —	

Navigation a Vapeur

Anglo-American Nile	£	2 ⅜ n.	
Khedivial Mail S.S.	£	4 —	21/9
Menzaleh Canal & Nav. Co.	L.E.	2 — P.T.	50
Express Nile Steamers Co.	L.E.	— — P.T.	60
" Nouvelle	L.E.	2 —	
Egyptian Mail Ss. Co.	£	10 n.	1 ¼

Hotels

Nungovich Hotels	£	14 ¼	
Egyptian Hotels	£	6 ⅜	
National Hotels	L.E.	2 ¾ P.T.	34
Upper Egypt Hotels	L.E.	2 13/16	
Splendid Hotels	L.E.	4 ½	
Excelsior Hotels	L.E.	2 ⅝-11/16	0 ½

Tramways

Tramways d'Alexandrie	Frs	150 —	315
Tramways du Caire	Frs	610 —	1170

Valeurs diverses

Héliopolis	Frs.	245-246	L.E. 12 ¼
Egyptian Investment	£	0 ⅝-11/16	
Societe Egyp. d'Irrigation	£	16 —	
Corporation of W. Egypt	£	0 9/16	
New Egyptian Company	£	16/ —	
Land & General Trust	£	0 1/16	
Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte	L.E.	3 ½	
Walker & Meimarachi	£	0 9/16-⅝	
Automobiles du Caire	£	2 ¾	6
Egyptian Constructions	£	0 9/16	
Soc. Egypt. de Publicité	L.E.	4 ½	P.T. 400

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

CLOSING REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, August 13. 12.45 p.m.

Sales of the day ... bales	5.000
Of which Egyptian	200
American maize new Northern	5/1
American futures (Sept.-Oct.)	6.66
" " (Jan.-Feb.)	6.56
American middling	7.30
Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (August)	10 34/64
" " " (September)	10 38/64
" " " (October)	10 37/64
" " " (November)	10 35/64
Egyptian Brown fair (per lb. d.)	9 11/16
" good fair	10 5/16
" good	11 5/16
" fully good fair	10 12/16
Egyptian saidi beans (new per 480 lbs)	—/—

LONDON, August 13.

Consols (September)	81 ½
Egyptian Unified	101 ¼
Private Discount 3m. Bank bills	4 ⅛ %

NEW YORK August 13.

Spot Cotton	13.30
American Futures (September)	11.49
" " (October)	12.06
" " (January)	12.27
" " (February)	12.29
Cable transfers ... dol.	4.87 ½
Cotton day's receipts at all U.S. Ports, ... bales	1,000

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.

Cotton Spot	13 2/16
Futures October	12.45
" December	12.39

LIVERPOOL, August 13.

American futures (September-October)	6.67
Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (August)	10 31/64
" " " (September)	10 35/64
" " " (October)	10 34/64
" " " (November)	10 34/64

LONDON, August 13.

Bar Silver (per oz d).	31 6/16
Private discount (3 month bills)	4 ¼
Consols (September)	81 ¾
Egyptian Unified	101 ¼
Turkish Unified	94 —
Rio Tinto	73 ½
New Daira	12 ⅞
Agricultural Bank	8 ¼
National Bank of Egypt	20 ⅜
Rand Mines New	5 ½
Chartereds of S. Africa	1 5/32
Nile Valley Gold Mine ... New	— 2/32
New Egyptians	— 21/32
The Western Oasis Corporation	16/32
Delta Light (Bearer Shares)	9 ⅞
Egyptian Railway	97 ½
" Domain	101 —
Ottoman Defence	101 —
Italian Rents 4 o/o	101 ½
Greek Monopoly	46 ½
Greek Rent 4 o/o	36 ½
Ottoman Bank	17 —
Compt. Fin. & Comm. d'Egyp.	3 —
Egyptian cot. seed to Hull (August)	8 3/15 quiet
German Beet Sugar (August)	9/8 ½

PARIS, August 13.

Banque d'Athène	111 —
Crédit Foncier Egyptien	685 —
Crédit Lyonnais	1153 —
Comptoir National d'Escompte	677 —
Land Bank of Egypt	185 —
Ottoman Bank	681 —
Lots Turcs	167 —
Cheque on London	25.14 ½
Sugar White No. 3 (August)	26 ⅜
Banque de Salonique	146 —
Credit Franco-Egyptien	108 —

Telegramme Havas

BOURSE du 13 août 1907

COURS DES VALEURS A TERME, CLOTURE

PARIS

Rente Francaise 3 o/o	Fr.	94 55
Dette Egyptienne Unifiée	"	103 70
Extérieur Espagnol	"	90 70
Russe consolidé	"	72 75
Actions de Suez	"	4467 —
Crédit Foncier Egyptien	"	684 —
Crédit Lyonnais	"	1152 —
Comptoir National d'Escompte	"	— —
Banque Ottomane	"	681 —
Land Bank of Egypt	"	135 —
Banque d'Athènes	"	111 —
Banque d'Abyssinie	"	— —
Crédit Franco-Egyptien	"	108 —
Change sur Londres	"	25 14 ½

LONDRES

Consolidés anglais ... £ 81 ⅞

Escomptes—Paris 3 ½ %, Londres 4 o/o, Berlin 5 o/o

Direction Generale des DOUANES EGYPTIENNES

TARIF D'EXPORTATION pour le mois d'août 1907

DESIGNATION		Unité	Prix du mois courant L.E.	M.
Coton	p.	cantar	3	530
Graines de Coton	"	ardeb	0	720
" Harari	"	cantar	0	275
Blés Saidi et Béhéra	"	ardeb	0	900
Fèves Saidi et Béhéra	"	"	0	855
Lentilles	"	"	0	990
Maïs	"	"	0	630
Orge	"	"	0	585
" ois chiches	"	"	1	500
" tits pois	"	"	1	200
" " concassés	"	"	1	400
" elbé	"	"	1	500
Riz (avec emb.)	"	"	2	300
Riz en paille.	"	kilo	0	6
Riz brut	"	"	0	7
Farine No. 1 à 3 (80 okes)	"	sac	0	900
Sucre blanc (en pains)	"	cantar	0	560
" " (grand morc.)	"	"	0	500
" " (en poudre) No. 1	"	"	0	400
" rouge (Farchout) en pains	"	"	0	240
" " en poudre	"	"	0	220
Cotons Afrité et écart pour Turquie	"	"	1	500

TELEGRAMS.

THE BELFAST AFFAIR.

REIGN OF TERROR

A SERIOUS SITUATION.

BELFAST, August 12.

(Midnight). The state of terror and confusion reigning is rendering the verification of casualties most difficult. Many officers, soldiers, and police have been maimed by stones and bottles. Newspaper correspondents testify to the splendid patience of the troops, notably the Sussex Regiment, under pitiless stoning till the order was given to fix bayonets and fire.

The rioting began in the notorious Falls Road district, where women and children were busy raising paving stones. The trams were stopped. Public houses closed early in the afternoon as if preparing for the conflict. The fight began with an attack on three passing policemen, who were rescued half dead. Ceaseless showers of stones and bottles followed the rescue party to he baraacks which was besieged and wrecked. The troops were called out and the Dragoons charged the crowd. Operations were hampered by numberless intersecting alleys where the mob melted, to re-appear in increased numbers with fresh missiles, pelting and jeering the soldiers. *(Reuter)*

BELFAST, August 13.

The mob yesterday evening attacked the police, wrecking the barracks: the riot act was read and the military fired: a man and a woman were killed and three others received serious gunshot wounds: in addition, many were injured by bayonets and batons. *(Reuter)*

BELFAST, August 13.

All reports agree that yesterday's riot was premeditated. Stones were piled up, ropes drawn across streets, and lamps extinguished. Altogether 3 persons were killed: 30 persons have been removed to hospital and many others have been wounded. The Engineers with searchlights are being hurried here. *(R.)*

LONDON, August 13.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Mr. Haldane read a report showing that the troops exercised the greatest forbearance under trying circumstances. The announcement was received with cheers.

Mr. Birrell stated that officials of the Board of trade had been despatched to endeavour to settle the strike.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—Lord Lansdowne read a telegram stating that the injured and wounded number hundreds and that the hospitals were full. *(Reuter)*

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH STRIKE.

COMMUNICATION DISORGANISED.

NEW YORK, August 13.

The telegraphist strike has stopped communication almost throughout the whole country, except by telephone. *(Reuter)*

NEW YORK, August 13.

The prices on the stock market at the last hour fell far below those of Saturday, being the sharpest collapse of the year, owing to the utter absence of buying power. *(Reuter)*

THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

ARMENIAN BISHOP'S PROTEST.

THE HAGUE, August 13.

Mgr. Utudjian, an Armenian Bishop, has written to the Conferance delegates a letter protesting against the way in which Turkey has broken her word, in spite of all promises, in regard to the act of Berlin. *(Havas)*

KAID MACLEAN.

EN ROUTE FOR FEZ.

TANGIER, August 13.

Sir H. Maclean has been liberated by Raisuli to the Kmas tribe. He is en route for Fez. *(Havas)*

TANGIER, August 13.

El Raisuli has handed Sir H. Maclean over to the K'hmass tribesmen who are reported to be conveying him to Fez. *(Reuter)*

TELEGRAMS

THE CASA BLANCA TROUBLE.

FRENCH CONSULATE ATTACKED.

THE MOORS REPULSED.

TANGIER, August 13.

4000 Moors attacked the French at Casa-Blanca yesterday but were repulsed. *(Reuter)*

TANGIER, August 13.

Yesterday 4,000 Moors attacked Casa Blanca. They were repulsed. *(Havas)*

KING GOES TO MARIENBAD.

LONDON, August 13.

The King, accompanied by Sir C. Hardinge, has started for Marienbad. *(Reuter)*

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

LONDON, August 13.

The Duke of Connaught went to Ireland yesterday evening. He has postponed his visit of inspection to Belfast. *(Reuter)*

NEW ELLERMAN LINER.

LONDON, August 13.

The Ellerman S.S. "City of Paris" was launched on Saturday. She will sail on her maiden voyage on 15th October. *(Reuter)*

THE HOME COMMAND.

LONDON, August 13.

It is officially stated that General French has been appointed Inspector General of the Forces, and General Smith-Dorrien Commander at Aldershot. *(Reuter)*

MRS. GOOLD'S CONFESSION.

MARSEILLES, August 13.

Mrs. Goold has confessed that her husband, when intoxicated, murdered the woman whose body was found in the trunk. *(Reuter)*

THE KHEDIVE.

PARIS, August 13.

The Khedive has gone to Germany. He is not going to England. *(Reuter)*

HOME CRICKET.

LONDON, August 13.

Gloucestershire beat Kent by 7 wickets. Yorkshire beat Middlesex by 7 wickets. Warwickshire beat Northamptonshire by 4 wickets. Essex beat Lancashire by an innings and 132 runs. *(Reuter)*

LORD CROMER'S GRANT.

WHAT HE HAS DONE.

The following excellent article in support of the grant recently made to Lord Cromer appears in a home contemporary:—

The protest of the Labour party against the national grant to Lord Cromer reflects somewhat adversely both upon its tactical skill and its conceptions of statesmanship. However strong may be your feelings in favour or in disfavour of a certain course of action, unless you have shrewd arguments with which to explain and justify your feelings, arguments that will appeal to the intelligence of others, it is better, as a rule, to be content with just feeling, and to hold your tongue.

If you want to make a fight on a question of principle, it is just as well to see to it that the particular instance of the application of that principle which you are attacking should be a good one—a good one for your case, I mean. For example, if a republican desires to attack a monarchy, it is scarcely good business, as they say, to choose the moment when the monarch has just done something to rouse the popular enthusiasm in his favour; it is surely better to wait until the monarch has been guilty of a palpable blunder or of an indubitable crime.

From a logical and common-sensible point of view there may be a good deal to be said against our traditional practice of rewarding our public servants, our successful, generals, pro-consuls, and others, with large sums of public money. It may not unreasonably be contended that these gentlemen, after all, have done no more than their duty, a duty for which their salaries were reward sufficient, and that the little bit over in the shape of a Parliamentary grant is an indefensible superfluity. But the force of an argument (such is human nature) may be considerably augmented or diminished by the fitness or the unfitness of the time at which it is urged, and by the appropriateness or the inappropriateness of the particular example chosen. If the Labour party had spent a month in solemn conclave over the matter they could not easily have chosen a worse time than the present, or a worse example for their purpose than Lord Cromer.

What Lord Cromer Has Done.

Probably there are several million adult persons in Great Britain—for we are such an intelligent nation—who have never heard Lord Cromer's name, and there are several millions more who have just heard it and no more than that. But these are the people who, politically speaking, do not matter. There are still several more millions who take an interest in Imperial policy, and who have a feeling of Imperial responsibility, and of these there is not more than one in a thousand who is not firmly convinced that Lord Cromer has achieved the best piece of government and administration that has ever been achieved in the history of the English race—yes, or of any other race.

The very demand which is now being made by a certain number of Egyptians for something in the shape of self-government is itself a tribute to Lord Cromer's magnificent success. If self-government, or anything like self-government, is even distantly possible in Egypt, it is to Lord Cromer that the possibility is due. There could have been no question, no thought of self-government for Egypt five and twenty years ago. If Egypt is ever to govern itself, even in minor matters, in internal matters, it will be because Lord Cromer found the Egyptians a nation of slaves and has just left them a nation of men.

Egypt the Slave-Nation.

It may be that no pro-consul should receive any reward other than his salary; but if ever there was a pro-consul who richly merited a reward other than his salary. Lord Cromer is he. Verily it would seem in politics, other than parochial, the leaders of the Labour party have been specially gifted with the genius of the malapropos!

Just think what Egypt was, is, and what Lord Cromer has done for it. The history of Egypt, the longest history in the world, is a history of submission to foreign conquest. It almost seems as though when the Almighty made the Egyptians he made them incapable of governing themselves or of holding their own. Egypt no doubt was "for the Egyptians" while there was no other great Power on the same plane of civilisation. But directly a great Power arose and felt its feet, as it were, the first thing it did was to go out and conquer Egypt.

The Greeks, the Romans, the Mohammedans, one after the other, invaded Egypt, sacked its treasuries, laid waste its cities, enslaved its people. It looks almost as though by some inscrutable decree of Destiny—and as one reads history it is difficult not to believe in such decrees—Egypt were to be always under the heel of the stranger. Macedonian warrior, Roman Emperor, Turkish Sultan, each has worn Egypt as a bright jewel in his Imperial crown.

Taxes and the whip.

The final result of these thousands of years of conquest was that when Lord Cromer went to Egypt he found the Egyptian people sprawling and grovelling in the dust. The government and administration of Egypt were a seething mass of abuses, and the Egyptian people were in the lower deeps of wretchedness and poverty.

The country was being slowly, and not so very slowly, bled white by the Sultan and his minions, called, in the polite language of diplomacy, viceroys. Taxes were collected with a whip. There was no justice as Europeans (out of Russia) understand the word at all. And, worse even than that, there was no security. Nobody knew what was going to happen. But everybody felt that something would happen presently, and that that something would be the Mahdi, who would come up from the south like a storm and lay all things low in a welter of barbarism.

Well, Lord Cromer leaves Egypt safe, safe from Sultanic plundering and from barbaric invasion, safe, too, from the tax collector's whip, fairly safe, though not quite safe as yet, from Continental interference and intrigue; safe also from national bankruptcy. Lord Cromer taught Egypt how to pay her debts, just and unjust, not by increasing the burthen of taxation, but actually by diminishing it—a veritable feat of financial magic, that. One wishes Mr. Asquith could teach England how to do the like. He remitted taxation, he reduced the salt tax, he lowered the rates of post, of railway, and of telegraph, and . . . he raised the revenue!

In ten years he lowered the taxation per head of the Egyptians from 21s. 1½d. to 16s. 2d. Five shillings a year may not seem a great sum to a member of the Labour Party, but to an Egyptian peasant it means a couple of month's income. Moreover, he and his English engineers have taught the Nile a much-needed lesson; she will not be quite so capricious in her flows and overflows in the future as she has been in the past . . . to the immense gain of Egyptian agriculture.

Poor to His Credit.

Now, then; if we were to pay Lord Cromer according to his work, "if we were to give him his earnings, we should have to vote him not fifty thousand, but something much more like five million pounds; and even then his would be a bad case of sweated labour. If, instead of for twenty-four years devoting his days and nights to the service of his country and her dependency he had directed his splendid talents and his unique administrative ability to business, his own business, let us say, he would, at the present moment, be a multi millionaire three times over. Whereas . . . after twenty-four years of Oriental government he returns home a poor man.

Of course, "poor" is a relative term, it has different connotations for different people; but for the purposes of this argument we may take it that any man is poor who has not an income sufficient to enable him to live, to some extent as the men on his own social level live. Compared to an artisan or a clerk, Lord Cromer is not a poor man, but compared to a successful butterman or to a family solicitor with a good practice he is a poor man; and it is to his everlasting credit and honour that he is.

There is something more to be said, however. Even had Lord Cromer given a small portion of his energy and capacity to his own personal ends, he might, while governing Egypt wisely and justly, still have secured his own financial future.

Chances of Plunder.

Without passing over the frontier of strict honesty he might, by prudent speculation, by seizing upon "a good thing" when it was in the way with him, have piled up an enormous private fortune. There is no limit to the opportunities of making money honestly, honestly I mean as honesty is counted among us, offered to a highly-placed Imperial official. On these opportunities Lord Cromer deliberately turned his back. He acted in accordance with the fine tradition of the English public service.

It is just here, I suggest to you, that those who have been opposing the grant to Lord Cromer have made their colossal, their unpardonable mistake. They believe, and rightly believe, in a State to come in which the best work will not be done for a money reward, in which the worker's best guerdon will be the consciousness that the work has been done, well done, and in the gratitude and esteem of his fellow-citizens. But sueh a State is at present, and is likely for a long time to be, an unrealised ideal. It is an ideal to be realised not in Fool's Paradise or in Cloud-Cuckoo-Land, but here upon earth—here, let us hope on this particular portion of earth which we know as England; but it is not realised, or could be realised by talking about it, is to stand confessed a blundering and muddle headed politician. Nevertheless, it is partially realised; we have the promise and the potency of it, and we have that promise and potency in our English public service.

The Labourer's Hire.

It is not too much to say that there are hundreds of men in our public service who, by revealing State secrets or by acting on private information, could double their salaries six times over every year. Some of these men are highly placed and well paid, others are lowly placed and uncommonly ill paid, and yet how many of them yield to the temptation? As individuals there is no ground for believing that they are morally better or more immune to temptation than other men. Wealth, luxury, the privilege of handing on security to their children mean as much to them as to any speculator in the market or gambler on the Stock Exchange; but they are something more than public servants, they are the servants also of a fine tradition.

It is this tradition which politicians with heads on their shoulders, and brains in those heads, should sedulously seek to maintain and to extend, but they must see to it that the tradition is not strained to the breaking point. In the present phase of our moral development, if we want work well done, we must pay for it well, that is, we must pay for it adequately. There must be some reasonable, some commonsensible relation between the services rendered and the reward meted out. In the present phase of our moral development you cannot expect it is childish, and, worse than that, mere fool's play, to expect—a Cabinet Minister, for instance, to work efficiently on the salary of a journeyman plumber, or, one may add, to expect a Member of Parliament or of a Board of Guardians to work efficiently for nothing at all.

If, ever since the world began, a man has fairly earned fifty thousand pounds, Lord Cromer is that man, and everyone of us who is not a faddist or a . . . but there, I don't want to call names . . . will rejoice that he has got it.

MASPERO FRERES, Ltd.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Highest Class Egyptian Cigarettes.
"BOUTON ROUGE" AND "FELUCCA."
Suppliers of the finest HAVANA CIGARS,
including HENRY CLAYS, BOCKS, MURIAS, VILLAR Y VILLAR, INTIMIDADS, CABANAS, &c.
IMPORTERS OF HIGH-GRADE ENGLISH AND AMERICAN TOBACCOS AND CIGARETTES.
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Handsome and complete line of Smokers' Accessories.
Our Egyptian Cigarettes delivered, duty and carriage paid to all parts of the world.
RETAIL STORE, CAIRO: Chareh Kasr-el-Nil, between National Bank and Savoy Hotel.
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PORT SAID: Savoy Hotel Building, Rue de Commerce.
Sole Agents for England: Messrs. BENSON & HEDGES, 13 Old Bond St., London, W

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Tuesday 13th August, 1907.

OUTWARDS.

Between the hours of 12 a.m. and 6 p.m (Cairo time)

FROM	Messages handed in at The Company's Offices		Messages handed in at Postal Telegraph Offices	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
London...		28		55
Liverpool		27	1	
Manchester		36		—
Glasgow		39		—
Other Provincial Offices		—	1	3

WINDSOR HOTEL.
Facing the Sea on the New Quay of Alexandria
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
Lately Built and Furnished.
TERMS P.T. 60 PER DAY.

ARMY AND NAVY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

London, August 3.

Viscount Feilding, from Oxford University, has been appointed to a second lieutenancy in the Coldstream Guards, and Second Lieutenants G. Smith, and D. Wormald have been appointed to the same distinguished regiment on probation.

One of the chief points of merit in the new pattern short rifle is the sighting arrangements by which aim can be more readily and more accurately taken than with the present weapon and also the ease with which the backsight can be adjusted, even when the rifle is at the shoulder in the act of firing. The latter advantage is a very obvious one.

On the reduction of the establishment of the West India Regiment, Captain A.T. Magan, who stood well up on the list of captains, and is now adjutant of the 2nd Battalion Jersey Light Infantry, has been transferred to the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers. Captain Magan spent since November, 1898, in his late regiment, got his company in 1900, and saw service in the Ashanti Expedition, 1895-96 (star) and the operations of 1898 in the hinterland of Lagos (clasp).

In connection with the examination of non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Artillery in order to qualify for proficiency pay, an order is about to be promulgated to the effect that those who are in receipt of service pay, who missed the opportunity of of examination through no fault of their own will be given an opportuinity of qualifying in the near future.

An up to date tabulated statement of the shooting of the Fleet in the past decade shows that in 1897, the percentage of hits was only 31.1. Of 6,446 shots fired in that year only 2,052 hits were recorded on the target. The percentage of hits this year works out at 81.49, the number of hits being 4,274, and the misses only 974.

There has been a marked improvement in the gunnery of the Mediterranean and China Squadrons, and when the full returns are made it is believed that the percentage of hits will work out yet higher. No fleet in the world has ever given such results previously.

Captain F. Parry has been appointed to H. M. S. "Egmont," flagship at Valetta, for the survey of Malta Harbour. Captain Parry is an expert in that class of work having been long employed in survey duty in every part of the world.

Lieutenant S. G. de C. Wheeler, 2nd Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers, has been selected for a tour of service with the depot at Naas, in succession to Lieutenant A.H.D. Britton, who has just resigned his commission.

The new 13.5 inch gun, which is being projected, will be far ahead of any previous weapon of any calibre. Of course, there has already been the 16 inch gun of 110 tons weight, with which some of the obselete "Admiral" class of battleships were armed, but although the new weapon—with which it is designed to arm the improved Dreadnoughts—only weighs 57 tons it will be very much more powerful both in range and striking energy.

The 2nd Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Fermoy, has just lost its second in command by the retirement of Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel A. W. Gordon. Lieutenant Colonel Gordon was connected with the regiment from 1878, when he joined the old 102nd—now the 1st Battalion of the Fusiliers at Alexandria. He was severely wounded at the battle of Colenso, and earned his brevet step by good work there and in the operations which followed the fall of Pretoria, and in the guerilla warfare generally (mentioned in despatches, brevet lieutenant coloneley, Queen's medal with two clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

Captain and Brevet Major H. C. Smith, who is presently employed as staff captain to Brigadier General G. A. Mill, C. B., commanding the North Irish Grouped Regimental District, Belfast, has been promoted to substantive field rank, and as he will retain his staff appointment the vacant captaincy has been absorbed by the bringing in on the establishment of Brevet Major M. Lowndes, who is presently attached to the 2nd Battalion. Major Smith reaches full field rank at rather under 21 years service, and he has had the great advantage of having seen active service in Egypt and South Africa. He was attached to the Khedive's army, 1897-98, went up the Nile with Kitchener and was present at the battle of Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, 4th Class Mejidie, Egyptian medal with clasp, British medal) and in the South African War he commanded Roberts' Horse, and the South African Light Horse with much credit, and was twice severely wounded in action (mentioned twice in despatches, Queen's medal with five clasps, King's medal with two clasps, brevet majority).

CARLTON HOTEL
BULKELEY (near Alexandria) half way to San Stefano
RAMLEH'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL.
Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms
Visitors from Cairo alight at Sidi Gaber.
Reclame Lunch, P.T. 15 — Dinner, P.T. 2
Proprietor, C. AQUILINA, (late of Thos Cook & Son)
Special terms to Government Officials.

CHRONIC CATARRH
NOSE AND THROAT
"At the Advice of Friends I Tried Pe-ru-na and the Results Have Been Highly Satisfactory."—So Writes Mr. Pilon.

MR. RAOUL PILON, 116 Rue Notre Dame, Lachine, P.Q., Can., writes:
"I write you a few words to express to you my satisfaction at being cured. I was afflicted with catarrh of the throat and nose and suffered much. I was greatly discouraged. I had a bad breath and bad taste in my mouth in the morning.
"I took treatment for some time without obtaining relief. At the advice of friends I tried Peruna and the results have been highly satisfactory. At the end of four months I was completely cured."
Neglected catarrh becomes chronic. Having developed into the chronic stage, a longer and more persistent treatment will be required to cure it than if the disease were treated at the onset.
However, Peruna will bring relief, whether the catarrh is acute or chronic. If you are wise you will keep Peruna on hand and take a few doses at the first appearance of a cold or cough, and thus save yourself both suffering and expense.
Patients have the privilege of writing to Dr. Hartman for free advice. A book on "Chronic Catarrh" will be sent upon request.
For special directions everyone would read "The Ills of Life," a copy, of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists.
The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.
E. DEL MAR.

NOTICE.

During the absence in Europe of Mr. ROWLAND SNELLING, Editor and Manager of the "Egyptian Gazette," all cheques and receipts will be signed by Mr. G. I. SWANSON, acting Editor and Manager, and countersigned by Mr. A. MARAVELLI, Cashier.

30733-15-8

Calendar of Coming Events

ALEXANDRIA.

August.

Wed. 14	New Alhambra Theatre. "The Orchid," by the Lombardo troupe.
	San Stefano Casino. Grand Symphony Concert Every afternoon at 5.30 p.m.
	Windsor Hotel. Open-Air Concert by the Ludovic-Rivier orchestra 6 p.m. to midnight.
	Fronton "Jai Alai" Pelote Basque. 9.30 p.m.
	Urbanora Cinematographic Entertainments. 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
	Cinemaphon Azis and Doris, old Ramleh Station 6.30 & 9.30.
	Pathé Cinematographic entertainment. 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
	Bains du Mex. Boheme Orchestra.
	Tour Eiffel. Variety Entertainment, 9.30.
	Crown Casino, Ibrahimieh. Variety Entertainment. 9.30 p.m.
	The Lifonti Concert Rooms. Grand Evening Concert. 9.30 p.m.
Sat. 17	Mustapha Range. B. R. C. Spoons (deliberate firing) and 3rd class Challenge Cup Competitions 2.20.
	Alexandria Swimming Club. Boat leaves Marina, 3.15 p.m.
Sun. 18	San Stefano Casino. Classical Concert.
	Pigeon Shooting Club. Gabbari. 2.30 p.m.
	Pigeon Shooting. Champs Elysée 2.30 p.m.
	Alhambra Theatre. Matinée.
	Tour Eiffel. Matinée. 4.45.
	Eldorado. Matinée. 4.30.
	Cinemaphon Azis & Doris. Performances 4, 5.30, 6.45.

CAIRO.

August.

Wed. 14	Ezbekieh Gardens Theatre. 9.30.
	Theatre des Ambassadeurs. 9.30.
Fri. 16	Ezbekieh Gardens. Military Band 9 to 11.
Sun. 18	Zoological Gardens. Ghizeh Boys Band. Afternoon.
Tues. 20	Ezbekieh Gardens. Military Band 9 to 11.

EXPORT MANIFESTS

For PIRAEUS and CONSTANTINOPLE, by the S.S. El-Kahira, sailed on the 7th August :
Various, 1,650 bags rice, 10 empty demijohns, 10 packages empty zembils, 24 packages sundries

For CONSTANTINOPLE, by the S.S. Princesse Sophie, sailed on the 7th August :
Various, 21 bales empty zembils, 50 bags rice, 4 cases olives, 15 barrels olives

For SYRIA and ANTWERP, by the S.S. Euphrates, sailed on the 8th August :
Various, 36 bales cotton, 46 bales gum, 200 empty casks

For MESSINA and GENOA, by the S.S. Tebe, sailed on the 8th August :

FOR VARIOUS PORTS

M. A. Chafchak, 8 cases books
B. Trabelsi, 8 packages leather
Ali Miladi, 6 packages leather
Bonded Warehouse, 65 cases furniture
Behrend and Co., 100 bags sugar
G. Gorini, 10 empty casks
Various, 10 packages sundries

FOR GENOA

G. Brach and Co., 40 fardes gum
Various, 8 packages sundries

Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd,	60 bales cotton
Peel and Co.,	248 ,, ,,
Choremi, Benachi and Co.,	30 ,, ,,
R. and O. Lindemann,	30 ,, ,,
	368 bales cotton

For MARSEILLES, by the S.S. Orénoque, sailed on the 9th August :

FOR MARSEILLES

Chafchak, 4 packages manufactured goods
G. Hassan, 2 cases feathers
M. Cohen, 2 cases iron
Bolonachi, 8 packages bronze
Obegi, 8 bales wool
S. Stienon, 30 bales empty bags
Salt and Soda Co., 40 barrels oil
Sté Le Khédive, 34 cases cigarettes
Various, 29 packages sundries

G. Frauger and Co.,	31 bales cotton
Choremi, Benachi and Co,	60 ,, ,,
Mohr and Fenderl,	32 ,, ,,
Peel and Co.,	62 ,, ,,
Hahnloser and Co.,	153 ,, ,,
	338 bales cotton

FOR BARCELONA

Peel and Co.,	30 bales cotton
R. and O. Lindemann,	10 ,, ,,
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd,	2 ,, ,,
	42 bales cotton

FOR VARIOUS PORTS

Hadjes and Co., 14 bales leather
Various, 23 packages sundries

For TUNIS, by the S.S. Despina, sailed on the 9th August :
Various, 61 bales empty bags, 11 bales skins, 343 bags rice, 126 bags sugar, 15 packages manufactured goods, 100 packages sundries

For CRETE, by the S.S. Byzantion, sailed on the 9th August :
Various, 20 bales cotton yarn, 121 bales skins, 90 bags natron, 12 bags beans, 856 bags rice, 819 empty casks

For BRINDISI and TRIESTE, by the S.S. Bohemia, sailed on the 10th August :

R. and O. Lindemann,	210 bales cotton
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd,	120 ,, ,,
F. Andres and Co.,	200 ,, ,,
Mohr and Fenderl,	32 ,, ,,
J. Planta and Co.,	227 ,, ,,
	789 bales cotton

Nahabedian, 7 packages henna
A. Bircher, 6 fardes gum
F. Iglich, 41 packages fresh palms

A. Dreher,	240 empty casks
Dep. Birra Puntigam,	1,480 ,, ,,
Er. Albertini,	686 ,, ,,
B. Zar,	128 ,, ,,

Klink Lauer, 26 barrels fresh fish
Moh. Dahi, 49 crates fresh palms
S. Levy, 27 crates fresh palms
M. Godar, 10 crates fresh palms
Wiesendanger, 77 bales skins
Is. Achmani, 34 bales skins
A. Bollas, 6 bales skins
A. Seeger, 30 bales wool
P. M. Statira, 20 bales skins
Various, 97 packages sundries

For BRINDISI and TRIESTE, by the S.S. Amphitrite, sailed on the 10th August :

Bonded Stores,	4 cases cigarettes
Kyriazi Bros.,	4 ,, ,,
A. Chelmis,	2 ,, ,,
J. B. Caftari,	1 ,, ,,
G. Mautzaris,	1 ,, ,,

L. Heller, 45 tons ghisa

For PORT SAID and SMYRNA, by the S.S. Assouan, sailed on the 10th August :
Various, 100 bales cotton (Kobe), 18 bales cotton yarn, 783 bags rice, 50 bags Sudan beans, 7 cases cigarettes, 500 barrels nails, 40 barrels soda, 65 packages mats, 1,839 packages sundries

For CONSTANTINOPLE, by the S.S. Marie Reine, sailed on the 10th August :
Various, 10 bales empty bags, 65 bales skins, 5 bales flour, 105 bags rice, 48 empty casks, 7 cases furniture, 213 packages tubes, 7 packages henna, 5 packages sundries

PRIMES DES CONTRATS

"Simple Faculté"

Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T. 12 1/2	à	— —/—
Gr. de coton	,, 3 mois	,, 2 1/2	,,	— —/—

"Stellage"

Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T. 25 —/—	à	—/—
Gr. de coton	,, 3 mois	,, 5 —/—	,,	—/—

"Double"

Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T. 8 3/4	à	— —/—
Gr. de coton	3 mois	,, 1 3/4	,,	— —/—

Davies Bryan & Co.

CAIRO
ALEXANDRIA
KHARTOUM
BUYING OFFICE 35 NOBLE ST., LONDON

SUMMER 1907

New Goods for Present Season

Leather Dept.

We wish particularly to draw attention to our New Display in this Dept.

We are continually receiving consignments of all Travelling Requisites, including Gladstone and Kit Bags, Trunks in all sizes and qualities, Dressing Cases and Bags, Rugs, Rug Straps, Holdalls etc., etc.

Sporting Dept.

Cricket Goods by all the best makers
Tennis Racquets, Hockey and Golf Sticks etc. in great variety
Boxing Gloves, Sandow's Developers, Quoits etc

Tailoring, Tailoring, Tailoring.

All the newest materials and Shades
West end styles
Fit and Cut Guaranteed

Hats, Caps, & Helmets.

Special attention has been given to this Dept and we are now showing a large and well assorted Stock in Felt
Panama, Straw and Silk Hats
All Hats fitted by a practical Hatter
Panama Hats cleaned and ernovated

Furnishing Dept.

Cretonnes, Art and Madras Muslins, etc.,
Art Serges, Furnishing Linens etc.
Coloured Table Covers, Cushions and Tea Cosies,
A larne and handsome selection of the above just to hand,

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Shirts Ties, Collars Handkerchiefs. Sock Suspenders Braces
Brushes, Razors, Pipes, Fountain Pens Perfumery, etc., etc. Shirts to order a speciality
Underclothing in Wool, Cotton, Silk and Lisle Thread by the best British makers.

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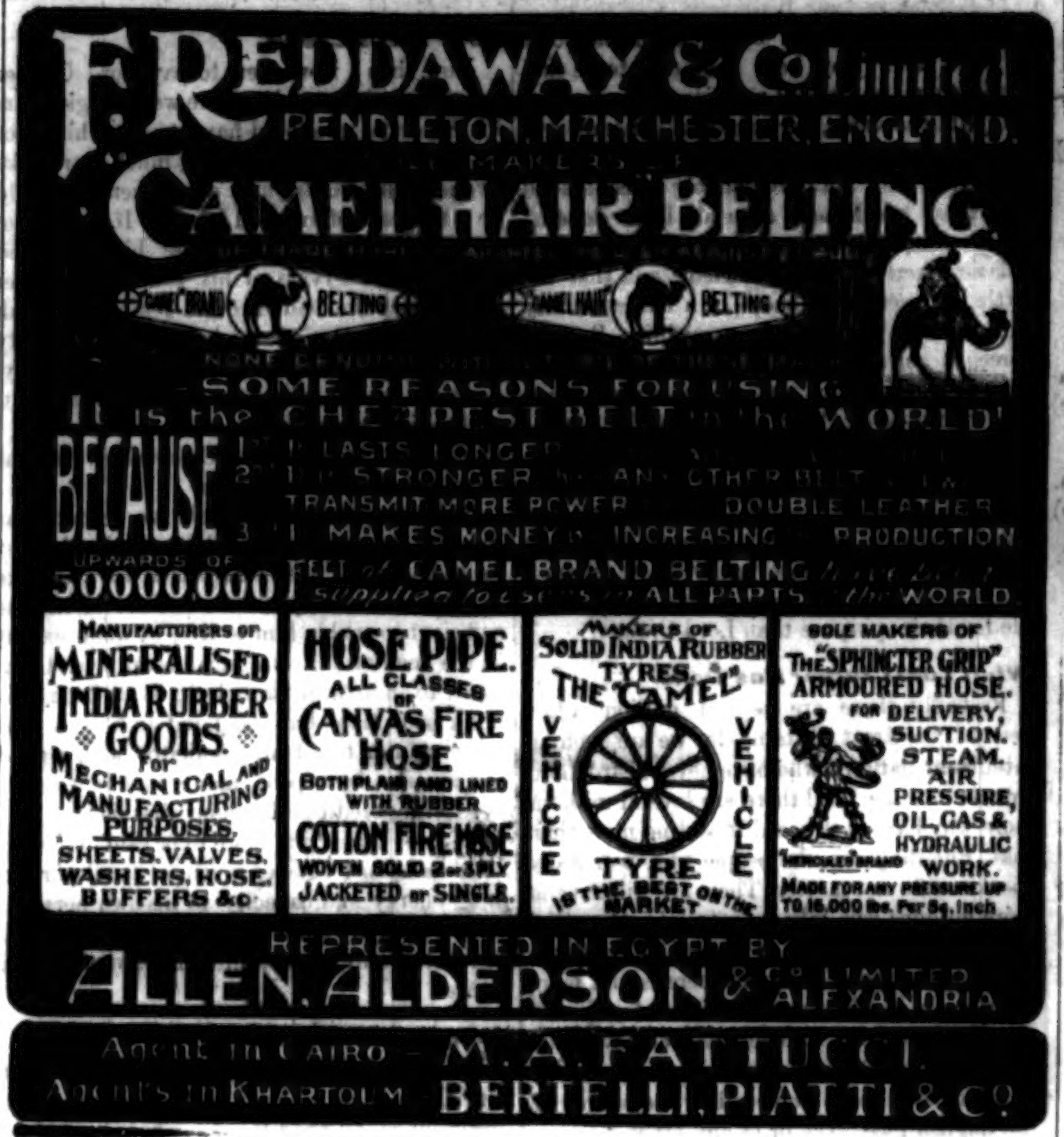
Boots, Shoes and Leggings
Tennis, Walking and Dress Shoes
Stohwasser and Newmarket Leggings

Ladies' Dept.

Newest London Novelties in Blouses, Sh Sunshades Hosiery, etc.

SOLE AGENTS IN EGYPT AND THE SUDAN FOR
Sutton Seeds.
Bective Boots.
Cellular Aertex Clothing.

Davies Bryan & Co.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PENDLETON, MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.
SOLE MAKERS OF
CAMEL HAIR BELTING.

SOME REASONS FOR USING
It is the CHEAPEST BELT in the WORLD!
BECAUSE 1st It LASTS LONGER
2nd It is STRONGER than ANY OTHER BELT
TRANSMIT MORE POWER DOUBLE LEATHER
3rd It MAKES MONEY by INCREASING PRODUCTION
UPWARDS OF 50000,000 FEET of CAMEL BRAND BELTING have been supplied to users in ALL PARTS of the WORLD.

MANUFACTURERS OF MINERALISED INDIA RUBBER GOODS. For MECHANICAL AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES. SHEETS, VALVES, WASHERS, HOSE, BUFFERS &c

HOSE PIPE. ALL CLASSES OF CANVAS FIRE HOSE BOTH PLAIN AND LINED WITH RUBBER. COTTON FIRE HOSE WOVEN SOLID 2 or 3 PLY JACKETED or SINGLE.

MAKERS OF SOLID INDIA RUBBER TYRES. THE "CAMEL" VEHICLE TYRE IS THE BEST ON THE MARKET

SOLE MAKERS OF "THE SPHINCTER GRIP" ARMOURED HOSE. FOR DELIVERY, SUCTION, STEAM, AIR PRESSURE, OIL, GAS & HYDRAULIC WORK. "HERCULES" BRAND. MADE FOR ANY PRESSURE UP TO 16,000 lbs. Per Sq. Inch

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ALLEN, ALDERSON & Co LIMITED ALEXANDRIA

Agent in Cairo — M. A. FATTUCCI.
Agents in Khartoum — BERTELLI, PIATTI & Co.

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Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates :—

	ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words	P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words	,, 8	,, 16	,, 24
Every 10 words, beyond 30.	,, 2	,, 4	,, 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, he advertisements not appearing consecutively.

All such advertisements must be prepaid and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to advertisements will be posted to any address if a few stamps are sent by the advertiser to cover postage.

AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIE AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.—a useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt. Circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. *AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE* sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

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MISS MARGARET HENDLEY (daughter of the late Rev. W.T. Hendley M.A. Vicar, Meads, Eastbourne) receives a few children to whose training she gives her individual care and attention. Highest testimonials. Apply for inclusive terms. Staveley Mead Eastbourne. 30759 6 3

NEEDLEWORK plain required by English lady. Apply No. 30760 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30760 6 3

RIVER, near Museum, Comfortable home for Paying Guests. Reduced terms for permanency. Box 893, Cairo. 30,738 24 9

ROOMS to let, furnished or unfurnished. Moharrem Bey. Moderate terms. Healthy Situation. Apply T. "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30748 6 6

ROOM to let at Bacos with English Family. Terms moderate. House three minutes from station. Garden attached. Apply T.A. "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30762 3 3

THE "SPHINX" PRINTING PRESS, the British Printers, Khedivial Buildings, Boulac Road, Cairo. 30232 9 5 908

WANTED for the Sudan young Greek Clerk, about 18 years of age, with knowledge of English, Arabic, French and Italian. Apply stating qualifications and salary required. Hornstein, Saptieh, Cairo. 30756-6-4

Municipalite d'Alexandrie

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication la fourniture de divers articles nécessaires pour le Service du Nettoiement pour l'exercice 1908.

Le cautionnement est fixe au 15 de l'offre.

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau du Nettoiement où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 3 Septembre 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : "Soumission pour Fourniture de divers articles pour le Service du Nettoiement."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 3 Septembre 1907 à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur,
(Signé) DR. SCHIESS

Alexandrie, le 12 Août 1907. 30763 3 2

Sudan Government

NOTICE

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in the presence of an official or other reliable witness. 28283A-30-10-907

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a break-down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (for they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same, the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is *increased vitality*—vigour—

VITAL STRENGTH & ENERGY

to throw off these morbid feelings, and experience proves that as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of the celebrated life-reviving tonic

THERAPION No. 3

than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the printed directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored.

THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRESH,

and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless. This wonderful medicament is purely vegetable and innocuous, is agreeable to the taste—suitable for all constitutions and conditions, in either sex, and it is difficult to imagine a case of disease or derangement whose main features are those of debility that will not be speedily and permanently benefited by this never-failing recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that had preceded it for this wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments.

THERAPION is sold by the principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Purchasers should see that the word "THERAPION" appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by E. Dei Mar, Alexandria, Cairo & Port Said

DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS

For the Liver & Kidneys

are an unfailing and reliable remedy for diseases of these important organs, gout, rheumatism, gravel, pains in the back and kindred ailments (acquired or constitutional). Sold by principal Chemists, not in loose quantities, but only in boxes, price 2s. 2d. bearing the British Government Stamp with the words Eugene Le Clerc, impressed thereon to protect the public from fraud

DR. LE CLERC'S SOAP.

Medical, antiseptic, used and recommended by eminent dermatologists in the treatment of eczema, lepra, psoriadis, ulcerations, skin eruptions, itching and irritating skin humours, baby rashes, etc., also a prophylactic against the risk of contracting disease and infectious disorders generally. Its healing properties greatly minimise the inconveniences of shaving in cases of pimples, spots, tecsone. In Tablets, price 1s sold by Max Fischer, Cairo and Alexandria.

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CONSTRUCTIONAL STEELWORK ·
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LIMITED
BRIDGES, ROOFS &c.

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The Egyptian Engineering Co. Ltd
Telephone 1542.
Cables: Anglogypt, Cairo.
Maison Spiro,
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CAIRO

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS £11,750,000.

NEW SCHEMES OF ASSURANCE.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES with guaranteed bonus on survival of £2 per annum for each £100 of assurance.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS at low rates, with return of all premiums paid in the event of death before the given age is attained.

EXAMPLES :

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES WITH GUARANTEED BONUS ON SURVIVAL.—A, aged 30 next birthday, with good prospect of longevity, takes out a Policy for £1,000 under this table for an Endowment Assurance payable at the age of 60 or earlier death, with a Guaranteed Bonus of 40s. per cent. per annum if he survives the fixed term, the annual premium for which will be £38:15:0. In the event of death within the 30 years, only the sum assured in the Policy is payable, viz., £1,000, but if he survives the term, he is entitled to receive besides £1,000, a Guaranteed Bonus of 30 times 40s. per cent., i.e. £600, or in all £1,600; and similarly for other periods and rates. Premiums can be paid quarterly or half-yearly if desired.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—An annual Premium of £18:1:3 will provide a child aged 1 next birthday with an Endowment of £500 on attaining the age of 21. In the event of the child's death before the given age is attained, all the premiums paid to the Company will be returned to the parent. Premiums can be paid quarterly or half-yearly if desired. Should the parent wish to discontinue the payment of premiums, he can claim a surrender value of 90 per cent of all the annual premiums paid by him, excepting the first, provided three full years premiums have been paid and the transaction is completed while the Policy is in force. Should the parent not wish to take the surrender value, he has the option, after three full years' premiums have been paid, of receiving a Paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original Sum Assured as the number of payments made bears to the whole number payable, if written application be made and the transaction completed within the days of grace, and provided such proportion be not less than £50.

For Prospectus, Forms of Proposal and all particulars apply to the STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, STANDARD BUILDINGS, CAIRO. 30689—13 4

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BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO
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GENERAL DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.
(CENTRAL TRAMWAY STATION,)
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DIRECT IMPORTERS OF BRITISH AND IRISH TEXTILE MANUFACTURES.

New goods are received weekly in all departments to meet the requirements of those remaining in Cairo during the summer.

TRY
Howie's Butter
THE FINEST IN EGYPT.
A real boon for BREAKFAST during hot weather.
ASK FOR IT, SEE YOU GET IT.
Address :—Shubra Road, Cairo.

ASK FOR

AND IF NOT SUPPLIED
APPLY TO
JOHN B. CAFFARI
Alexandria & Cairo.

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BRASS PLATE ENGRAVER
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AND LETTER MANUFACTURER
BULAC ROAD
CAIRO

Egyptian Delta Light Railways.

Goods may be booked from this Company's system of nearly 1000 kilometres of line in the Delta to any stations on the Egyptian State Railways and the Helouan Line.
Public Telegraph Messages are also accepted at many stations.
For further information apply to the Company's Offices at Cairo, Alexandria, Tantah, Zagazig, Damanhour or Saïda Zenab

Helouan Branch. Time Table from 1st May to October 1907.

Cairo (Bab-el-Louk)	dep.	6.—	7.—	8.—	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.40	11.30	1.20
Tourah	arr.	6.24	7.17	8.20	9.32	10.34	11.32	12.36	1.32	3.32	4.32	5.32	6.32	7.32	8.39	9.57	11.52	1.40
	dep.	6.26	7.19	8.22	9.34	10.36	11.34	12.38	1.34	3.34	4.34	5.34	6.34	7.34	8.41	9.58	11.53	1.41
Helouan	arr.	6.44	7.35	8.40	9.50	10.54	11.50	12.56	1.50	3.52	4.50	5.52	6.50	7.52	8.57	10.14	12.11a.m.	1.57
Helouan	dep.	6.—	7.—	7.45	8.—	9.10	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10	8.10	10.30	12.30
Tourah	arr.	6.18	7.16		8.18	9.26	10.28	11.26	12.28	1.26	3.28	4.26	5.28	6.26	7.28	8.26	10.48	12.46
	dep.	6.20	7.18		8.20	9.28	10.30	11.28	12.30	1.28	3.30	4.28	5.30	6.28	7.30	8.28	10.50	12.47
Cairo (Bab-el-Louk)	arr.	6.44	7.42	8.15	8.37	9.45	10.47	11.45	12.47	1.45	3.47	4.45	5.47	6.45	7.54	8.45	11.13	1.7